



Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia OCCUPATIONAL STANDARD

LEGAL SERVICES OPERATION

NTQF Level IV



Ministry of Education August 2012

Introduction

Ethiopia has embarked on a process of reforming its TVET-System. Within the policies and strategies of the Ethiopian Government, technology transformation – by using international standards and international best practices as the basis, and, adopting, adapting and verifying them in the Ethiopian context – is a pivotal element. TVET is given an important role with regard to technology transfer. The new paradigm in the outcome-based TVET system is the orientation at the current and anticipated future demand of the economy and the labor market.

The Ethiopia Occupational Standards (EOS) is the core element of the Ethiopian National TVET-Strategy and an important factor within the context of the National TVET-Qualification Framework (NTQF). They are national Ethiopia standards, which define the occupational requirements and expected outcome related to a specific occupation without taking TVET delivery into account.

This document details the mandatory format, sequencing, wording and layout for the Ethiopia Occupational Standard which comprised of Units of Competence.

A Unit of Competence describes a distinct work activity. It is documented in a standard format that comprises:

- Occupational title, NTQF level
- Unit code
- Unit title
- Unit descriptor
- Elements and Performance criteria
- Variables and Range statement
- Evidence guide

Together all the parts of a Unit of Competence guide the assessor in determining whether the candidate is competent.

The ensuing sections of this EOS document comprise a description of the respective occupation with all the key components of a Unit of Competence -

- chart with an overview of all Units of Competence for the respective level including the Unit Codes and Unit of Titles
- contents of each Unit of Competence (competence standard)
- occupational map providing the Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) providers with information and important requirements to consider when designing training programs for this standards, and for the individual, a career path

Page 1 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

UNIT OF COMPETENCE CHART

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation

Occupational Code: EIS LSO

NTQF Level III

EIS LSO3 01 0812

Develop Keyboarding Speed and Accuracy

EIS LSO3 02 0812

Contribute to
Implementing
Emergency Prevention
Activities and Response
Procedures

EIS LSO3 03 0812

Apply Knowledge of the Legal System to Complete Tasks

EIS LSO3 04 0812

Carry out Search of the Public Record

EIS LSO3 05 0812

Deliver Court Documentation

EIS LSO3 06 0812

Apply the Principles of Confidentiality and Security within the Legal Environment

EIS LSO3 07 0812

Use Legal Terminology in Order to Carry Out Tasks

EIS LSO3 08 0812

Maintain Records or Time and Disbursements in a Legal Practice

EIS LSO3 09 0812

Organize Schedules

EIS LSO3 10 0812

Produce Spreadsheets

EIS LSO3 11 0812

Design and Produce Text Documents

EIS LSO3 12 0812

Write Simple Documents

EIS LSO3 13 0812

Deliver and Monitor Service to Customers

EIS LSO3 14 0812

Monitor Implementation of Work plan /Activities

EIS LSO3 15 0812

Apply Quality Control

EIS LSO3 16 0812

Lead Workplace Communication

EIS LSO3 17 0812

Lead Small Teams

EIS LSO3 18 0812

Improve Business Practice

EIS LSO3 19 1012

Prevent and Eliminate MUDA

NTQF Level IV EIS LSO4 01 0812 EIS LSO4 02 0812 EIS LSO4 03 0812 Implement Effective Conduct Work within a Identify and Apply the Legal Framework Communication Compliance Framework Strategies EIS LSO4 04 0812 EIS LSO4 05 0812 EIS LSO4 06 0812 Produce Legal Apply the Principles of Establish and Maintain a File in Legal Services **Documents** Contract Law EIS LSO4 09 0812 EIS LSO4 08 0812 EIS LSO4 07 0812 Apply the Principles of Research Legal Apply the Principles of the Law of Torts Evidence Law Information Using **Primary Sources** EIS LSO4 10 0812 EIS LSO4 11 0812 EIS LSO4 12 0812 Apply Civil and Criminal Provide Advocacy and Attend Pretrial Procedure Representation Negotiations **EIS LSO4 15 0812** EIS LSO4 13 0812 EIS LSO4 14 0812 Apply Legal Principles Migrate to New Plan and Organize in Criminal Law Matters Technology Work EIS LSO4 16 0812 EIS LSO4 17 0812 EIS LSO4 18 0812 **Establish Quality** Develop Individuals and Utilize Specialized Standards Team Communication Skills EIS LSO4 19 0812 **EIS LSO4 20 1012**

Apply Problem Solving

Techniques and Tools

Manage and Maintain

Operations

Small/Medium Business

NQTF Level III

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title Develop Keyboarding Speed and Accuracy		
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 01 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to develop keyboard skills with speed and accuracy using touch typing techniques.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Use safe work practices	1.1 Workspace, furniture and equipment are adjusted to suit ergonomic requirements of the user
	1.2 Work organization meets organizational and occupational health and safety (OHS) requirements is ensured for computer operation
Identify and develop keyboard skills	2.1 Keyboard functions are identified and applied for both alpha or numeric keyboard functions
OKINO	2.2 Touch typing technique are applied to complete tasks
	2.3 Speed and accuracy are developed in accordance with workplace requirements for level of responsibility
3. Check accuracy	3.1 Document is proofread carefully to identify errors
	3.2 Document is amended, ensure errors are corrected and a final accuracy check is completed

Variable	Range
Ergonomic requirements may include but not limited to:	 avoiding radiation from computer screens chair height, seat and back adjustment document holder footrest keyboard and mouse position lighting noise minimization posture screen position workstation height and layout
Work organization may include but not limited to:	 exercise breaks mix of repetitive and other activities rest periods visual display unit (VDU) eye testing
Touch typing technique may vary according to:	 level of competency of operator workplace requirements
Speed and accuracy must be:	consistent with degree of experience of operatorrelevant to level of responsibility

Page 5 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in:		
Competence	producing word processed documents		
	typing with 98% accuracy assessed under test conditions in		
	Keyboarding speed tests		
	knowledge of relevant legislation		
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:		
Knowledge and	key provisions of relevant legislation from all forms of		
Attitudes	government that may affect aspects of business operations,		
	such as:		
	privacy lawscopyright		
	OHS		
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:		
	keyboarding skills to enter text and numerical data		
	literacy skills to read, proofread and edit documents		
	numeracy skills to collate and present data, graphs and		
	annotated references		
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,		
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to		
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:		
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning		
	Observation / Demonstration		
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a		
Assessment	simulated work place setting		

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Contribute to Implementing Emergency Prevention Activities and Response Procedures	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 02 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to contribute to the implementation of emergency prevention and response procedures. It includes determining relevant legislation and contributing to any actions to ensure compliance with occupational health and safety (OHS) legislation, codes and standards.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Contribute to implementing emergency	1.1 Situations that could lead to workplace emergencies are identified, recorded and reported to the appropriate person
prevention activities	1.2The implementation of actions, controls or treatments is contributed to prevent potential emergency situations from occurring
	1.3Information about what an emergency control organization is and how it operates in the workplace to relevant others is provided
	1.4 Information about emergency prevention and response plans is communicated effectively to relevant others
Contribute to implementing emergency	2.1 Emergencies are identified and reported to relevant persons according to workplace emergency procedures
responses	2.2 Emergency warnings and advice are responded according to workplace emergency procedures
	2.3 <i>Instructions</i> from <i>emergency control response personnel</i> are followed
	2.4 Allocated tasks in emergency situations are performed as outlined in workplace emergency procedures
	2.5 Relevant others that an emergency is occurring are informed and reminded of their role in the emergency response process

Variable	Range

Page 7 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Workplace emergencies r include but not limited to:		 civil disorder or criminal acts such as robberies and shootings contamination emergencies requiring evacuation explosions and bomb alerts external emergencies such as flood, cyclone, earthquake, storm and traffic accident impacting on the organization fires and explosions hazardous substances and chemical spills hostage situations or terrorism internal emergencies such as loss of power or water supply and structural collapse security emergencies such as armed robberies, intruders or disturbed persons serious injury events or medical emergencies 		earthquake, ganization water supply
Actions, contro treatments ma include but not limited to:	ay	 audits cessation of work where there is an immediate risk to health and safety drills for emergency situations fire or smoke alarms initiation of responses set out in legislation, workplace policie and procedures inspections records of equipment and systems compliance with safety standards security alarms training logs and records visual checks 		orkplace policies
Information about the emergency prevention and response plans may include but limited to:	d s	holding inmultimediposters, leraising Oh	newsletters formal discussions and meetings a aids such as videos and digital vid eaflets and flyers HS issues at committee meetings to individuals and groups	eo discs (DVDs)
 advice from designated personnel alarms triggered by automatic fire, leak spill or mover detectors automatic sprinkler systems closed circuit television (CCTV) communications equipment electronic warning devices 		r movement		
Instructions may include but not limited to: Emergency control		 ordering the cessation of work ordering to evacuate the premises or to meet at designated meeting points ambulance 		
response personnel may include but not limited to:		fire brigac	cy services de s materials response teams (hazmat	:)
		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

•	internal emergency response control personnel internal or external advisors in safety, chemicals, engineering, security and emergency response OHS personnel or authorities police
•	representatives from government departments

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: effective contribution to the implementation of workplace emergency prevention response procedures knowledge of relevant OHS legislation, codes of practice, standards and guidance material
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: basic emergency prevention controls typically installed in a workplace, such as: → emergency alerting systems → emergency protection systems → fire and smoke alarms, and fire extinguishers → required safety wear → security systems ● enterprise physical site and work areas ● enterprise reporting procedures in an emergency ● essential actions of self and others in an emergency ● hazards and precautions to be taken during an emergency ● internal and external sources of OHS information ● organizational policies and procedures for acting in an emergency situation ● powers of safety representatives and other authorized OHS personnel to cease work immediately if an immediate danger to OHS exists ● relevant OHS legislation, codes of practice, standards and guidance material ● roles, responsibilities and authority of OHS personnel
Underpinning Skills	information needs of work unit or work team Demonstrates skills to: communication skills to communicate effectively about prevention of hazardous circumstances which may lead to emergencies organizational skills to act in accordance with organizational policies and procedures in emergency situations
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration

Page 9 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Apply Knowledge of the Legal System to Complete Tasks	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 03 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to complete a range of common legal administrative duties and the legal system that is required to carry them out.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify the main roles and responsibilities of	1.1 The functions of the <i>courts</i> , <i>regulatory bodies and other legal service providers</i> are identified
key bodies in the legal system	1.2The roles of key personnel in the legal industry are identified
	1.3 Practical implications of <i>relevant legal practice legislation</i> are explained and applied in regard to own activities
	1.4Research identified gaps in knowledge
Identify key personnel/section s within a legal	2.1 Ensure the key functions of a firm are identified and can be explained
firm and their functions, to	2.2The key functions of all personnel /sections are identified within a firm
complete routine administrative tasks	2.3 Personnel responsible for authorization of specific matters is identified
	2.4The correct names of personnel/sections are used in administrative tasks according to <i>a firm's policies and procedures</i>
Produce and dispatch legal documentation	3.1 Ensure purpose of document/form , and the stage of the legal process to which it relates, can be explained
documentation	3.2 Relevant information are accessed from the client file
	3.3 Precedent is accessed from firm's bank of forms/routine documentation or draft document according to firm's procedures
	3.4 File/matter number is attached to all relevant documentation
	3.5 Document/form is self-checked for accuracy and presented to the legal practitioner, within agreed timelines
	3.6 Self or other is organized to dispatch document in the appropriate manner
	3.7 All activities, actions and outcomes are documented and time recorded as required
	3.8 Documentation is filed correctly

Page 11 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Organize self or other to apply for certificates	4.1 Timelines are arranged, documented/recorded with designated person
oortinoatoo	4.2 Supplier of certificate is identified and located
	4.3 Applicable fees, taxes and rebates are identified and advised to client, if appropriate
	4.4 Self or other is organized to apply for certificate using appropriate application forms and processes
	4.5 Record of application is obtained as appropriate.
	4.6 Legal practitioner's review of self or other's work is facilitated
	4.7 Self or other is organized to pursue appropriate follow-up action if certificates are not received on time or further information is required.
5. Use court etiquette appropriate to the various courts	5.1 The appropriate manner of entering into and departing is used from the courts/tribunals
	5.2The appropriate manner of addressing the courts/tribunals is used
	5.3 Relevant legal language is used where appropriate
	5.4 Gaps in knowledge of court etiquette are identified and researched

Variable	Range
Courts, regulatory bodies and other legal service providers may include but not limited to:	 Regional State Courts Federal Courts Labor relation Court Family Bench Cassation Bench Regional State and Federal Administrative Tribunals Registrar of Probates others not included in this listing
Relevant legal practice legislation requirements may relate to:	 relevant Federal or Regional State legislation Schedules of fees and duties payable The area of law. The client and a firm. Other local legislations, rules, regulations and/or codes of practice not included in this listing.

Key functions of a firm	commercial law
may include but not	corporate law
limited to:	criminal law
	family law
	Labor Law/employment law
	litigation
	property law
	 services in a specific area of law such as:
	tax law
	wills and probate
	•
	a range of legal services in specific settings such as:
	Community Legal Centers
	Government Solicitor's offices
	Legal Aid Commissions
	legal departments in large businesses
	 paralegal agencies (debt recovery, conveyancing)
	 private law firms (large, medium and small)
	other areas of law not included in this listing
Key functions of	accounts
personnel/departments	catering
may include but not	financial management
limited to:	human resources
	library/information services
	• mail room
	marketing
	reception
	specialized areas of law
Personnel responsible	business manager
for authorisation of	lawyer
specific matters may	legal practice manager
include but not limited	partner
to:	supervisor
	teacher/trainer
	work colleague
	other personnel not included in this listing
A firm's policies and	accessing files
procedures may include	checklists
but not limited to:	contingencies
	core values
	emergency procedures firm about are
	• firm charter
	information sources
	information specific to the firm
	initiation of files
	on-line information manuals
	privacy

Page 13 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Г	T	
	procedure manual	
	 professional conduct code 	
	recording information	
	security/confidentiality procedures	
	telephone protocol	
	training guides	
	 updating files 	
	 verifying and authorizing information 	
Documents/forms may		
include but not limited		
to:	• briefs	
10.	• emails	
	internal correspondence	
	• letters	
	memorandums of law	
	opinion letters	
	pleadings	
	precedents	
	 registered legal instruments 	
	 transcripts from supervisor's notes 	
Requirements for	appropriate use of letterhead	
documents/forms may	correct line spacing	
include but not limited	correct margins	
to:	correct use of reference	
	dual column system	
	list of enclosures	
	 paragraph numbering 	
	placing of headings	
	 presence/absence of a back sheet 	
	 presence/absence of a cover sheet 	
	·	
	, ,	
	usage of keycaps and font features	
December 1919	use of document footers	
Precedents relevant to	a firm's templates	
the particular area of law	agreements	
may include but not	• contracts	
limited to:	court documents	
	• leases	
	letter confirming client's instructions and	rights
	 mortgages 	
	standard letters	
	transfer of shares	
	• wills	
	other precedents not included in this listi	ng
The precedent bank	external	
may be:	• in-house	
_	• on-line	
	stored pre-printed forms	
		Version 2
	1	VARSION 2

Page 14 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Documents may be dispatched via:	 courier email fax hand delivery pick up by client post
Supplier of certificates may include but not limited to:	 clients contracted supplier local government agencies other law firms State and Federal government agencies.

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: accurately explaining relevant legal terminology in simple terms and using it correctly where appropriate applying knowledge of the purpose of different types of documents/forms to read and interpret client's file and select appropriate information for inclusion correctly preparing a range of relevant documents/ forms for lodgment or delivery in accordance with firm's procedures, relevant timelines and legislative requirements accurately referring tokey personnel/sections of a firm according to their functions in all administrative tasks, written information and when responding to enquiries applying correct processes, as designated by supplier, for the lodgment and receipt of certificates
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: scope of legal practitioner/support role and own responsibilities and obligations to provide legal advice, complete or sign off on legal work and/or appear in court as described by relevant jurisdiction(s) firm's policies and procedures accepted codes of conduct including those relating to: privacy and confidentiality use of company property duty of care ethical behavior non-discriminatory practice conflict of interest compliance with reasonable direction legal terminology in relation to the area of law and the relevant legal process purpose of a range of certificates, documents and forms in relation to the area of law authorized 'signing parties'

Page 15 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Underninning Skille	Demonstrates skills to:
Underpinning Skills	 literacy skills to read and interpret documents/forms; follow sequenced written instructions; use appropriate legal terminology and sentence structures; display awareness of purpose and context of documents organizational skills to select and apply the procedures and strategies needed to perform a range of tasks, e.g. legal forms and enclosures; and to undertake tasks concurrently proofreading skills research skills to identify gaps in knowledge and search and assemble relevant information communication skills to listen and question to clarify information; explain legal terminology to others; modify language to meet audience requirements; and consult where necessary with team members and clients numeracy skills to use a combination of oral and written mathematical and general language for record keeping purposes technology skills to use a range of software applications, electronic mail and internet
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Carry out Search of the Public Record	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 04 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to complete a search of the public record. This involves planning and conducting the search, and obtaining and delivering the information according to instructions.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
1. Plan search	1.1 Timelines are arranged for completing search and plan work.		
	1.2 Appropriate <i>information sources</i> are identified for completing the search and procedure identified for obtaining information from sources and clarified if necessary.		
2. Conduct search	2.1 Appropriate search request is accessed and completed form accurately		
	2.2 Self or other is organized to lodge search request appropriate person/official at correct search location		
	2.3 Record of lodgment is obtained		
3. Receive outcome of search	3.1 Process of obtaining information are arranged with the appropriate person/official		
	3.2 Self or other is organized to collect information from external agency in the arranged manner		
	3.3 All records of expense are filed		
	3.4 Information is checked to see that it meets identified needs and appropriate follow-up action taken with assistance if necessary		
4. Deliver information	4.1 Information intact is delivered to designated person		
IIIIOIIIIalioii	4.2 <i>Difficulties</i> are identified and resolved within timelines		
	4.3 All activities, actions and outcomes are documented and time recorded		

Variable		Range		
	Timelines may be contingent upon:		es n legislation ds dlines titioner's workload t dates such as New Year end of fin	ancial year.
Page 17 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012

The information	external agency
source may be:	omenia agency
Source may be.	on-line, including: on-line, including:
	at agencyland data
	> law point
	on-line services
	> another law firm
	Business License Centre
	credit files
	databases
	electoral rolls
	motor vehicle registrations
	public telephone directories
	rates searches
	Regional State and Supreme Courts libraries
	Titles Office/council records
	other sources not included in this listing
The search request	
may vary according	the information required before the search can be carried out the search leasting.
to:	the search location
10.	whether information can be requested by email or fax or on- "
	line
	whether specific form is required
Search location	Court/Organizational library
may include but not	 Local/Regional/State/Federal government institution
limited to:	Statutory bodies
	Titles Office
Record of lodgment	copy of request
may include but not	email confirmation
limited to:	number
	receipt
	•
	stamped copy of request
Designated person	external client
may include but not	external official
limited to:	lawyer
	legal practice manager
	• partner
	• supervisor
	work colleague
Difficulties in	alterations to instructions
meeting timelines	available resources
may relate to:	backlog at supplier's end
	client needs
	liaising with others tackprised difficulties
	technical difficulties

Page 18 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

A firm's policies	charging of search expenses
and procedures	 contingencies in terms of inadequate monies, unavailable
may include but not	information
limited to:	handling monies
	information sources
	office procedure manual
	recording information
	security/confidentiality/ privacy procedures
Legislative	Legal Practice directives.
requirements may	 relevant Regional State or Federal legislation
relate to:	the client and a firm
	schedule of fees and duties payable
	accessing information under the Freedom of Information rules
	 other relevant legislations, rules, regulations and/or codes of
	practice not included in this listing

Evidence Guide	•			
Critical Aspects Competence	 accurately information giving clea adequate e maintaining process, in proactively where diffic procedures maintaining 	 adequate explanation where necessary maintaining detailed file notes at each step of the search process, including a record of lodgment proactively consulting the legal practitioner or supervisor where difficulties cannot be resolved through standard procedures maintaining records of all activities, actions, outcomes, time 		
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrates scope of le responsibil complete or described le firm's policie accepted complete or described le privacy use of complete or duty of ethical le conflict compliate legal te relevan	 and costs in accordance with firm's policies and procedures Demonstrates knowledge of: scope of legal practitioner/support role and own responsibilities and obligations to provide legal advice, complete or sign off on legal work and/or appear in court as described by relevant jurisdiction(s) firm's policies and procedures accepted codes of conduct including those relating to: privacy and confidentiality use of company property duty of care ethical behavior non-discriminatory practice conflict of interest compliance with reasonable direction legal terminology in relation to the area of law and the relevant legal process location and appropriate search procedures of relevant search 		
Page 19 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

	 standard problems and resolutions in the sourcing and delivery of information roles and responsibilities of internal and relevant external individuals/authorities
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: communication skills to listen and question to clarify information; explain legal terminology to others; and consult where necessary with team members and clients literacy skills to follow legal procedures; follow sequenced written instructions involving legal terminology; lodge requests and provide clear and specific written instructions about information required research skills to conduct searches such as matching, key word searches, and locate specific information from a range of sources such as libraries, internet, government information services numeracy skills to use a combination of oral and written mathematical and general language record keeping purposes and in relation to search fees organizational skills to select and apply the procedures and strategies needed to perform a range of tasks; and to manage tasks within specified timelines technology skills to use a range of software, on-line applications and organizational information systems
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Deliver Court Documentation	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 05 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to Organize court documents for delivery, planning a schedule of delivery, delivering documents to the appropriate courts and returning proof of document lodgement.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Organize self or other to copy and collate court/tribunal documents	 1.1 Documents are identified for the same courts/tribunals 1.2 Self or other is organized to copy and collate documents according to court requirements and a firm's policies and procedures.
	1.3 File/matter number is attached to copies of all relevant documents where appropriate
	1.4 Copies of all <i>documents to be delivered</i> appropriately filed.
2. Plan court/tribunal delivery schedule	2.1 Times of delivery are established to ensure court/tribunal timelines are met2.2 Appropriate <i>delivery method</i> is selected
Organize self or other to deliver documents	 3.1 Documents are transported securely to court/tribunal 3.2 Documents and monies are handed over if necessary for court filing fees to <i>appropriate court official</i> 3.3 Information regarding deficiency is sought and recorded from court official if documents are deficient and cannot be lodged, 3.4 <i>Proof of lodgments</i> and any associated documents are collected and filed appropriately 3.5 <i>Difficulties with lodgment</i> are appropriately resolved or referred to <i>designated person</i> as appropriate

Variable	Range
Court requirements may include but not limited to:	 back cover sheet color and weight of paper front cover sheet
	 margins nature of binding paper size ribbon

Page 21 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

A firm's policies	contingencies
and procedures may include but not	delivering a firm's business
limited to:	emergency procedures
	information specific to the firm
	keeping files up to date
	office procedure manual
	 privacy/security/confidentiality procedures
	recording information
	time recording procedures
	verifying and authorizing information
Documents to be	affidavits
delivered may	• briefs
include but not limited to:	exhibits
minica to.	expert reports
	• notices
	pleading documents
	witness statements
	• writs
Delivery method	Messenger/courier
may include but not	personal service
limited to:	• post
Appropriate court	bailiff/Bail executer
official may include	court clerk
but not limited to:	sheriff/Police
Proof of lodgement	affidavit of services
may involve:	receipt
	signature of court official
Difficulties with	failure to meet court/case deadlines
lodgement may	incomplete forms and documents
relate to:	incorrect address
	insufficient monies
Designated person	lawyer
may include but not	partner
limited to:	supervisor
	teacher/trainer

Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of Competence		correctly of	s skills and knowledge in: collating and lodging documentation ct number of copies, signatures if r	
Dogo 22 of 144	Minis	try of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2

Page 22 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	relevant attachments according to firm's policies and procedures and the court's requirements
	 maintaining communication with designated person/s regarding actions, activities and outcomes and, where difficulties arise, contacting them if standard resolutions are not applicable
	 planning court delivery schedule to accommodate agreed timelines, closing times of courts and the number of documents to be lodged
	Maintaining records of all activities, actions, outcomes, time and costs in accordance with firm's policies and procedures.
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	scope of legal practitioner/support role and own responsibilities and obligations to provide legal advice, complete or sign off on legal work and/or appear in court as described by relevant jurisdiction(s)
	firm's policies and procedures
	accepted codes of conduct including those relating to:
	privacy and confidentiality
	use of company property
	duty of care
	ethical behavior
	non-discriminatory practice
	conflict of interest
	compliance with reasonable direction
	 overview knowledge of relevant; court processes, current legislation, legal processes and required documentation
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	 communication skills to issue and follow clear, sequenced verbal instructions; and clarify information by questioning as necessary
	literacy skills to follow legal procedures; issue and follow written instructions about routine legal procedures; and complete routine forms about legal matters according to established workplace procedures
	 numeracy skills to apply knowledge of mathematical concepts in relation to record keeping; adhere to deadlines; and copy and collate documents
	 organizational skills to plan and prioritize own and other's activities and time
	 problem solving skills to plan appropriate and efficient methods of delivery with regards to deadlines
	teamwork skills to define purposes and objectives to be achieved by working with others and negotiate task distribution with other members of the group
	Version 2

Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title Apply the Principles of Confidentiality and Securi the Legal Environment		
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 06 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to use ethical behaviour when dealing with sensitive and confidential information in a legal environment.	
	All aspects of legal practice may be subject to a range of legislation, rules, regulations and/or codes of practice relevant to different job roles and jurisdictions.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
Work within accepted codes of	1.1 Work is submitted for review and approval by the legal practitioner who delegated the task/s		
conduct	1.2 Paperwork is kept up to date and reports are forwarded on the progress of matter/s to clients regularly according to instructions and relevant legislation		
	1.3 Clients and fellow workers' conflicts are treated with respect		
	1.4 Care is taken to behave with honesty and integrity at all times		
2. Follow confidentiality	2.1 Information with regard to what is and what is not-disc losable is assessed		
procedures	2.2 Discretion and judgment are used in all communications.		
	2.3 Client-related matters are discussed only within the confines of the practice and with appropriate personnel		
Follow security procedures	3.1 File related information, including <i>electronically stored information</i> is appropriately stored and secured		
	3.2 Discussions relating to client matters are held in a private location		
	3.3Ensure all documents/exhibits relating to a file are locked away securely after use according to <i>a firm's policies and procedures</i>		
	3.4Ensure all materials required by legislation to be stored for certain periods of time are clearly labeled and stored securely according to a firm's policies and procedures		

Variable	Range
Variable	Kunge

Page 25 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Conflict of interest	a law firms I and an attition and a summer to a summer
may exist where:	 a law firm, legal practitioner or support person sometime in the past represented a client who is now on the other side in another case
	a legal practitioner and client are in business together
	a legal practitioner or support person has a personal, financial or other interest in a case
	a legal practitioner or support person is a witness in a case
	a legal practitioner simultaneously represents two clients
	whose interests are adverse to one another
	 the legal stance of one client is detrimental to the business activities of another client
Non-disc losable	Name, addresses of clients, telephone number witnesses or
information may	staff if necessary.
include but not	details about the firm itself
limited to:	exhibits if necessary
	fact that the client has consulted the firm
	financial information
	firm's client database
	information relating to a client's legal matter
	names of clients, witnesses or staff
	nature of client's legal matter
	passwords or security procedures
	telephone numbers of clients, witnesses or staff
	trust account information
	witness statements
Electronically	on audio-cassette
stored information	on computer hard-drive or floppy disk
may be:	on voice mail
	on-line (email or web)
A firm's policies	charging of search expenses
and procedures	contingencies in terms of inadequate monies, unavailable
may include but not limited to:	information
innited to:	handling monies
	information sources
	office procedure manual
	recording information
	Security/confidentiality/ privacy procedures.

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: observation of presentations questioning (oral or written) review of testimony from team members, colleagues, supervisors or managers tests of knowledge on relevant legislation, rules, regulations, codes of practice and research resources

Page 26 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates knowledge of: scope of legal practitioner/support role and own responsibilities to complete or sign off on legal work firm's policies and procedures accepted codes of conduct including those relating to: privacy and confidentiality use of company property duty of care ethical behavior non-discriminatory practice conflict of interest compliance with reasonable direction overview knowledge of relevant; court processes, current legislation, legal processes and required documentation Demonstrates skills to: 	
Orider piritiling Skills	 communication skills to listen to clear, sequenced instructions; and use strategies to confirm, repair or clarify understanding of terms and context literacy skills to interpret, classify and evaluate information ability to apply judgment in terms of identifying potential conflict of interest organizational skills to comply with statutory regulations concerning security of records and keep clients up to date on file matters 	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral QuestioningObservation / Demonstration	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting	

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III	
Unit Title	Use Legal Terminology in Order to Carry out Tasks
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 07 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to understand and use legal terminology in order to undertake tasks.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Use appropriate legal terminology in written and oral	1.1 Appropriate <i>legal terminology</i> is used in both written and oral communication with internal and external parties
communication with internal and external parties	1.2Legal terminology is spelled and pronounced correctly and appropriate context used when completing work tasks
Extend understanding of legal terminology	2.1 Gaps are identified in knowledge and <i>clarification</i> sought through appropriate source or <i>designated person</i>
	2.2. Abbreviations are identified and used for commonly used legal terms and associated processes where appropriate
	2.3Ensure questions relating to legal terminology can be answered and terms defined

Variable	Range
Commonly used legal terminology may relate to:	 courts and tribunals legal documentation legal personnel legal procedures legislation and regulations a particular legal procedure Legal setting e.g. community legal work the area of law the jurisdiction

Work tasks may include but not limited to:	 contacting external parties drafting letters in response to queries filing maintenance/update of clients' files, e.g. file notes, certificates, results of public search, correspondence with a barrister preparing court documentation producing office memos taking and forwarding messages typing legal practitioner's notes
Clarification regarding commonly used legal terminology may be sought from:	 designated person/s glossary of commonly use legal terminology and processes legal dictionary relevant legal terminology reference
Designated person may include but not limited to:	lawyerpartnersupervisorwork colleague

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in:	
Competence	 proactively applying research and communication skills to increase own knowledge of legal terminology 	
	 consistently seeking clarification from appropriate person/source of information when instructions are unclear or to locate missing information 	
	 competently carrying out instructions containing commonly used legal terminology and abbreviations 	
	 accurately identifying and communicating the legal and financial consequences of misusing legal terminology 	
	 using simple, non-legal language to explain legal terminology and processes to others using legal terminology appropriate to the situation when completing delegated administrative tasks 	
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	 scope of legal practitioner/support role and own responsibilities and obligations to provide legal advice, complete or sign off on legal work and/or appear in court as described by relevant jurisdiction(s) 	
	firm's policies and procedures	
	accepted codes of conduct including those relating to:	
	privacy and confidentiality	
	Using Institutions property carefully.	

Page 29 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

	 duty of care ethical behavior non-discriminatory practice conflict of interest compliance with reasonable direction overview knowledge of relevant; court processes, current legislation, legal processes and required documentation
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: communication skills to accurately pronounce legal terminology; follow oral, sequenced instructions involving legal terminology; and apply strategies to confirm, repair or clarify understanding of terms and context literacy skills to read and interpret legal documents; understand and use vocabulary for a specific purpose; and follow written, sequenced instructions involving legal terminology research skills to clarify intended meaning and legal context of instructions or legal terminology; and increase own knowledge of legal terminology.
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Maintain Records for Time and Disbursements in a Legal Practice	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 08 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to maintain time records and enter disbursements incurred.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Record fee earner	1.1 <i>Time sheets</i> submitted by <i>fee-earners</i> are accessed
time	1.2 Self or other is organized to enter time recording onto the accounting system against the relevant client or client matter file, or other relevant codes.
	1.3 Irregularities and/or uncertainties are noted and standard resolution procedures or alert <i>designated person</i> as appropriate are followed
	1.4 Entries are made within agreed timelines
Enter disbursements incurred	2.1 Details of disbursements are recorded accurately against the relevant client or client master file according to a Institutions' policy and procedures
	2.2 Note irregularities and/or uncertainties and ensure standard resolution procedures are followed or alert designated person as appropriate
	2.3 File/master number to all <i>relevant documentation</i> and file such documentation are attached appropriately

Variable	Range
Time sheets may be:	electronicPaper-based.
Fee-earners may include but not limited to:	Accountant/casher

Page 31 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Designated person may include but not limited to:	 accountant business manager partner supervisor teacher/trainer
Disbursements may include but not limited to:	 cost of duty stamps courier fees court costs filing fees photocopying postage search fees telephone charges other disbursements as described by state requirements
A policy and procedures may include but not limited to:	 accessing accounting system availability of information definition of disbursement and amount to charge detailing disbursements information specific to the firm liaising with financial institutions office procedure manual recording information security/confidentiality/privacy procedures time recording procedures Verifying and authorizing information.
Relevant documentation may relate to:	 exchange of information public search of record verbal communication with external parties

Methods for maintaining records for time and disbursements may include but not limited to:	 specialized electronic software packages standard books of account - trust account receipt book, cash book, cheque book, ledger, bank deposit book timesheet
The area of law may include but not limited to:	 commercial law corporate law criminal law family law Labor Law property law tax law Succession law other areas of law not included in this listing
Legislative requirements may relate to:	 Ethiopian tax regulations court Jurisdiction definition of a disbursement establishing a trust account Governing Legal Practice rules. Institute procedures. relevant legislation schedules of fees and duties payable taxation and banking requirements other not included in this listing

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: demonstrating honesty and integrity accurately entering time recording and disbursements with institutions policies and procedures presenting relevant documentation to designated person/s for approval within agreed timelines consistently handling and administering with institutions 's policies and procedures and legislative requirements applying standard procedures to resolve irregularities and/or uncertainties and/or alerting designated person/s as appropriate 	

Page 33 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: Scope of legal clerk /support role, responsibilities and obligations to complete or sign off work. accepted codes of conduct including those relating to: privacy and confidentiality use of institutional property duty of care ethical behavior non-discriminatory practice conflict of interest compliance with reasonable direction overview knowledge of relevant; court processes, current legislation, legal processes and required documentation 	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to: numeracy skills to apply combination of oral and written mathematical and general language for the record keeping process	
	 communication skills to listen to clear, sequenced instructions; clarify information by questioning as necessary; and consult where necessary with team members and clients 	
	technology skills to use a range of software applications	
	literacy skills to follows a institutions' legal procedures and sequenced, written instructions	
	 problem-solving skills to apply resolution procedures to standard problems 	
	 organizational skills to select and apply the procedures and strategies needed to perform a range of tasks within designated time lines 	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning	
	Observation / Demonstration	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Page 34 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Organize Schedules	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 09 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to manage appointments and diaries for personnel within an organization, using manual and electronic diaries, schedules and other appointment systems.	

Elements	Performance Criteria	
Establish schedule	1.1 Organizational requirements and protocols are identified for diaries and staff planning tools	
requirements	1.2 Organizational procedures are identified for different types of appointments	
	1.3 Personal requirements are determined for <i>diary and schedule items</i> for individual personnel	
	1.4 Appointment priorities are established and clarified in discussion with individual personnel	
2. Manage schedules	2.1 Recurring adjournment and deadlines, and schedule these in accordance with individual and organizational requirements are identified	
	2.2 Availability of attendees is established, and new appointments are scheduled in accordance with required time lines and diary commitments	
	2.3 Alternative arrangements are negotiated and confirmed when established appointments are changed	
	2.4 Adjournment is recorded and schedules are managed in accordance with organizational procedures.	

Variable	Range

Page 35 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Organizational requirements may include but not limited to:	 availability of information electronic linked diaries and schedules linking personal and executive diaries priority clients and personnel protocols in contacting other personnel within and outside organization recording systems
Planning tools may include but not limited to:	 adjournment book adjournment view and planner view in electronic scheduling systems calendar desk diary electronic calendar or diary in/out boards and whiteboards manual planners planning wall chart
Diary and schedule items may include but not limited to:	 conferences deadlines leave (for both immediate person and others whose absence affects the person) meetings recurring adjournments teleconferences travel
Recurring adjournments may include but not limited to:	board meetingscommittee meetingsstaff meetings
Alternative arrangements may include but not limited to:	 cancelling pre-arranged appointments inserting additional appointments after a schedule has been prepared re-scheduling existing appointments
Adjournment may be recorded in:	 calendar diary electronic system filing system paper system
Organizational procedures may include but not limited to:	 adequate time between appointments limit on total appointments in any one day stress minimization sufficient time to complete meet deadlines

Evidence Guide

Page 36 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Omitional Agranata of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: maintaining schedules which meet individual and
	organizational needs
	prioritizing and negotiating competing demands
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	 key provisions of relevant legislation from all forms of government, standards and codes that may affect aspects of business operations, such as:
	anti-discrimination legislation
	ethical principles
	codes of practice
	privacy laws
	occupational health and safety (OHS)
	 relationship between satisfactorily organizing another person's schedule and achieving team goals
	 responsibility that is involved in making arrangements for others
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	 communication skills to discuss and confirm requirements and priorities of others and to question others to clarify information
	 literacy skills to read a range of procedural texts and to write simple instructions
	 negotiation skills to schedule adjournments where there are competing demands
	 numeracy skills to estimate time, plan accurately and keep records
	 problem-solving skills to negotiate task distribution and timing for appointments with other members of the group
	 time management skills to allow realistic time lines to schedule appointments
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning
	Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Page 37 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III	
Unit Title Produce Spreadsheets	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 10 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to develop spreadsheets through the use of spreadsheet software.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Select and prepare resources	1.1 Ergonomic, work organization and occupational health and safety requirements are adhered
	1.2 Energy and resource conservation techniques are used to minimize wastage
	1.3 Spreadsheet task requirements are identified in relation to data entry, storage, output and presentation
Plan spreadsheet design	2.1 Spreadsheet design suits the purpose, audience and information requirements of the task is ensured
	2.2 Spreadsheet design enhances readability and appearance, and meets organizational and task requirements for style and layout are ensured
	2.3 Style sheets and <i>automatic functions</i> are used to ensure <i>consistency of design and layout</i>
3. Create spreadsheet	3.1 Ensure <i>data</i> is entered, <i>checked</i> and amended to maintain consistency of design and layout, in accordance with organizational and task requirements
	3.2 Spreadsheet is <i>formatted</i> using <i>software functions</i> to adjust page and cell layout to meet information requirements, in accordance with organizational style and presentation requirements
	3.3 Ensure <i>formulae</i> are tested and used to confirm output meets task requirements, in consultation with appropriate personnel as required
	3.4 Manuals, user documentation and online help are used to overcome problems with spreadsheet design and production
Produce simple charts	4.1 Select chart type and design that enables valid representation of numerical data, and meets organizational and task requirements
	4.2 Charts are created using appropriate data range in the spreadsheet
	4.3 Chart type and layout are modified using formatting features

Page 38 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

5. Finalize spreadsheets	5.1 Spreadsheet and any accompanying charts are previewed, adjusted and <i>printed</i> in accordance with task requirements
	5.2 Data input is ensured to meet designated time lines and organizational requirements for speed and accuracy
	5.3 Spreadsheet is named and stored in accordance with organizational requirements and exit the application without data loss/damage

Variables	Range
Ergonomic requirements may include but not limited to:	 avoiding radiation from computer screens chair height, seat and back adjustment document holder footrest keyboard and mouse position lighting noise minimization posture screen position workstation height and layout
Work organization requirements may include but not limited to:	 exercise breaks rest periods and other activity
Occupational health and safety requirements may include but not limited to:	 inspections organizational procedures regarding incidents, accidents, fire and emergencies workplace meetings workplace safety procedures other consultative activities
Conservation techniques may include but not limited to:	 double-sided paper use recycling used and shredded paper re-using paper for rough drafts (observing confidentiality requirements) utilizing power-save options for equipment
Spreadsheet design may include but not limited to:	 appropriateness to required tasks basic analysis charts formatting and reformatting formulae functions headers and footers headings and labels identification and parameters import and export of data multi-page documents split screen operation

Page 39 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Automatic	 auto date 			
functions may	 auto correc 	ot		
include but not	 auto forma 	auto format		
limited to:	 auto text 			
	 default set 	tinas		
	headers ar	•		
	page number			
	• styles	Johns		
	table head	ings		
Consistency of	borders	iiigs		
design and lay		har lists		
may include bu		DEI IISIS		
not limited to:	00.00	wwith other hyginess desuments		
		y with other business documents		
	page numb	Ders		
	• spacing			
Data may inclu		tyles and point size		
Data may inclu				
but not limited	10/11			
Checking data	accuracy of			
may include bu		f formulae with calculator		
not limited to:		structions with regard to content and	d format have	
	been follow			
	 proofreadii 	•		
		ectronically and manually		
Formatting ma	y • alignment	on page		
include but not	 efficiency of 	of formulae		
limited to:	 enhancem 	ents to format - borders, patterns an	d coolers	
	 enhancem 	ents to text		
	headers/fo	oters		
	 use of abs 	olute and relative cell addresses		
	 use of cell 	addresses in formulae		
Software functi	ons • adding/del	eting columns/rows		
may include bu		<u> </u>		
not limited to:	 formatting 	text		
	headers/fo			
	 sizing colu 			
	using mac			
	utilizing sh			
Formulae may				
include but not	division			
limited to:	multiplicati	on		
	percentage			
	subtraction			
		ı		
	• sum	ons of above		
Drinting max		UI ADUVE		
Printing may include but not	• charts	rhanka		
include but not	include but not • entire workbooks			
Ministry of Education I I adal Sarvicas (Indration			Version 2	
Page 40 of 144	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012	

limited to:	selected data within a worksheetworksheets
Designated time lines may include but not limited to:	 organizational time line time line agreed with internal/external client time line agreed with supervisor/person requiring spreadsheet
Naming and storing spreadsheet may include but not limited to:	 authorized access file naming conventions filing locations organizational policy for backing up files organizational policy for filing hard copies of spreadsheets security storage in electronic folders/sub-folders storage on CD-ROM, USB, tape back-up, server

Evidence Guide	Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: designing spreadsheets that address a range of data and organizational requirements using software functions, graphics and support materials to create spreadsheets knowledge of formatting requirements of workplace documents 		
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrates knowledge of: formatting requirements of workplace documents organizational guidelines on spreadsheet design and use organizational requirements for ergonomic standards, work periods and breaks, and conservation techniques		
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: communication skills to clarify requirements of spreadsheet editing and proofreading skills to check own work for accuracy against original keyboarding skills to enter text and numerical data literacy skills to read and understand organizational procedures, and to use basic models to produce a range of spreadsheets mathematical and statistical skills to use spreadsheet functions such as sum, counts and averages 		
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through:Interview / Written Test / Oral QuestioningObservation / Demonstration		
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting		

Page 41 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Design and Produce Text Documents	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 11 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to design and develop predominantly text based documents using advanced features of word processing software.	

Elements	Performance Criteria	
Prepare to produce word processed documents	1.1 Safe work practices are used to ensure ergonomic, work organization, energy and resource conservation requirements are addressed	
dodinons	1.2 Document purpose, audience and presentation requirements are identified, and clarified with relevant personnel as required	
	1.3 Organizational and task <i>requirements</i> are identified for text-based business documents to ensure consistency of style and image	
Design word processed documents	2.1 Document structure and layout are designed to suit purpose, audience and information requirements of the task	
documento	2.2 Design is documented to enhance readability and appearance, and to meet organizational and task requirements for style and layout	
	2.3 Style sheets and <i>automatic functions</i> are used to ensure <i>consistency of design and layout</i>	
Add tables and other data	3.1 A standard table is inserted into a document, changing cells to meet information requirements	
	3.2 Columns and rows are inserted and deleted as necessary	
	3.3 Images and other <i>data</i> are inserted to meet required specifications	
Produce text documents	4.1 Advanced software functions are used to enable efficient production of documents	
	4.2 Text and other data are entered or imported, and edited to meet required specifications	
	4.3 Documents are previewed, adjusted and <i>printed</i> in accordance with organizational and task requirements	
	4.4 Text documents are <i>named and stored</i> , in accordance with organizational requirements and exit the application without information loss/damage	
	4.5 Text documents are prepared within designated time lines and organizational requirements for speed and accuracy	
	4.6 Manuals, user documentation and online help are used to	

Page 42 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

overcome problems with document design and production

Variables	Range
Ergonomic requirements may include but not limited to:	 avoiding radiation from computer screens chair height, seat and back adjustment document holder footrest keyboard and mouse position lighting noise minimization posture screen position workstation height and layout
Work organization requirements may include but not limited to:	 exercise breaks rest periods and other activates
Energy and resource conservation requirements may include but not limited to:	 double-sided paper use recycling used and shredded paper re-using paper for rough drafts (observing confidentiality requirements) using power-save options for equipment

	T
Documents may	• brochures
include but not	calendars
limited to:	• faxes
	flyers
	• forms
	mail merge documents, including labels
	memos
	multi-page letters
	promotional material
	•
	• reports
	• schedules
0	• tables
Organizational	Institution color scheme
requirements may	company logo
include but not	consistent Organizational image
limited to:	content restrictions
	established guidelines and procedures for document
	production
	house styles
	observing copyright legislation
	 Institution name, time, date, document title, filename, etc. in
	header/footer
	templates
Design may	balance
include but not	diversity
limited to:	
minica to.	relative positioning of graphics and headings
	simplicity
	text flow
	typography
Structure and	• boxes
layout may	• color
include but not	• columns
limited to:	drawing
	graphics
	headings
	letter and memo conventions
	page layout
	photographs
	typeface
	white space
Automatic	auto correct
functions may	
include but not	
limited to:	auto format auto tout
minica to.	auto text
	default settings
	headers and footers
	page numbering
	Version 2

Page 44 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	• styles	
	table headings	
Consistency of	annotated references	
design and layout	• borders	
may include but	bullet/number lists	
not limited to:	• captions	
	consistency with other business documents	
	footnotes/endnotes	
	indentations	
	page numbers	
	• spacing	
	typeface styles and point size	
Data may include	clip art	
out not limited to:	data from other software applications	
	digital photographs	
	• files	
	• graphics	
	• quotes	
	• references	
	 scanned photographs and logo 	
	 tables, graphs and charts 	
Advanced	alternate headers and footers	
oftware functions	 drawing tools 	
nay include but	graphics tools	
not limited to:	 importing data/objects/pictures 	
	, , , , ,	
	mail merge newspaper columns	
	newspaper columns actions	
	• sections	
	• sort	
	• styles	
	• tables	
Data dia anno anno	• templates	
Printing may	print merge	
nclude but not	print to file	
imited to:	with comments	
	with drawing objects	
	with field codes	
	with hidden text	
Naming and		
storing documents	• file names according to Organizational procedure e.g. numbers	
may include but	rather than names	
not limited to:	file names which are easily identifiable in relation to the	
	content	
	file/directory names which identify the operator, author,	
	section, date	
	filing locations	
	Organizational policy for backing up files, storage in	
	Version 2	
Mini	stry of Education Legal Services Operation	

Page 45 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

	folders/sub-folders
	Organizational I policy for filing hard copies of documents
	security/password protection
	 storage on hard/floppy disk drives, CD-ROM, tape back-up
Designated time	organizational time line e.g. deadline requirements
lines may include	time line agreed with internal/external client
but not limited to:	time line agreed with supervisor/person requiring document

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	Assessment must confirm appropriate knowledge and skills to: applying document design principles knowledge of organization's style guide production documents using advanced software functions 	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 formatting styles and their impact on formatting, readability and appearance of documents organizational requirements for ergonomics, work periods and breaks, and conservation techniques organizational style guide purposes, uses and functions of word processing software 	
Underpinning Skills	 communication skills to clarify requirements of documents editing and proofreading skills to check own work for accuracy against original keyboarding skills to enter text and numerical data literacy skills to read and understand the organization's procedures, and to use models to produce a range of documents problem-solving skills to use processes flexibly and interchangeably 	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	 Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning 	
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.	

Page 46 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Write Simple Documents	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 12 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to plan, draft and review a basic document before writing the final version	

Elements	Performance Criteria	
1. Plan document	1.1 Audience and purpose are determined for the document format and structure	
	1.2 Key points are established for inclusion	
	1.3 Organizational requirements are identified	
	1.4 <i>Method of communication</i> is established	
	1.5 <i>Means of communication</i> are established	
2. Draft document	2.1 Draft document is developed to communicate key points	
	2.2 Any required additional information is obtained and included	
3. Review document	3.1 Draft is checked for suitability of tone for audience, purpose, format and communication style	
	3.2 Draft is checked for readability, grammar, spelling, and sentence and paragraph construction	
	3.3 Draft is checked for sequencing and structure	
	3.4 Draft is checked to ensure it meets institutional requirements	
	3.5 Ensure draft is proofread, where appropriate, by supervisor or colleague	
4. Write final	4.1 Necessary changes are made and proofread	
document	4.2 Document is ensured to send to <i>intended recipient</i>	
	4.3 Copy of document is filed in accordance with institutional policies and procedures	

Variables	Range
Audience may include but not limited to:	 internal and external customers recipient/s who receive a copy for information primary recipient/s of the communication

Page 47 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Purpose may include but not limited to:	 clarification of issues communication about meetings or events information minutes/outcomes of meetings request for information, advice or assistance statements of fact straightforward advice
Format may include but not limited to:	 email forms letters memos minutes of meetings Organizational templates or proformas for letters, memos or reports tables
Structure may include but not limited to:	 Organizational of the material to suit the format (e.g. scan ability for on-screen use) treatment of attachments and hyperlinks visual signposting of material, including use of headings, lists, keywords and text in boxes
Organizational requirements may include but not limited to:	 house style requirements identified authorities for signatories for correspondence/communications protocols, both written and unwritten for the organization's internal and external communications requirements for inclusive and non-discriminatory language and for adherence to copyright legislation
Method of communication may include but not limited to:	 inclusive communication use of active or passive voice use of the appropriate register or style of language - formal, standard or informal
Means of communication	may include but not limited to: • software packages such as MS Word, Excel, PageMaker, PowerPoint and templates
Intended recipient may include but not limited to:	 audience for document signatory of the document supervisor or other staff member who may add to or forward document to another recipient

Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of		:		
Page 48 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012

Competence	 producing a range of documents that accurately convey required basic information using formatting suitable for intended audience knowledge of Organizational I policies and procedures for document production 		
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 basic grammar, spelling and punctuation communication protocols how audience, purpose and method of communication influence tone 		
	Organizational policies and procedures for document production resources to assist in document production, such as dictionary, thesaurus, templates, style sheets.		
Underpinning Skills	literacy skills to read and understand a variety of texts; to prepare general information and papers according to target audience; and to proofread and edit documents to ensure clarity of meaning and conformity to Organizational requirements problem-solving skills to determine document design and production processes		
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
Methods of Assessment	 Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning 		
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.		

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level III		
Unit Title	Deliver and Monitor a Service to Customers	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 13 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to identify customer needs and monitor service provided to customers. Operators may exercise discretion and judgement using appropriate theoretical knowledge of customer service to provide technical advice and support to customers over either a short or long term interaction.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify customer needs	1.1 Appropriate interpersonal skills are used to accurately identify and clarify customer needs and expectations
neeus	1.2 Customer needs are assessed for urgency to determine priorities for service delivery according to <i>Organizational</i> requirements
	1.3 <i>Effective communication</i> is used to inform customers about available choices for meeting their needs and assist in the selection of preferred options
	1.4 Limitations are identified in addressing customer needs and seek appropriate assistance from <i>designated individuals</i>
Deliver a service to customers	2.1 Prompt service is provided to customers to meet identified needs in accordance with Organizational requirements
customers	2.2 Appropriate rapport is established and maintained with customers to ensure completion of quality service delivery
	2.3 Assistance is provided or responded to customers with specific needs according to organizational requirements
	2.4 Available <i>opportunities</i> are identified and used to promote and enhance services and products to customers
3. Monitor and report on service delivery	3.1 Customer feed back and satisfaction with service delivery are regularly reviewed and sought using <i>verifiable evidence</i> according to organizational requirements
	3.2 Opportunities are identified to enhance the quality of service and products, and pursue within organizational requirements
	3.3 Procedural aspects of service delivery are monitored for effectiveness and suitability to customer requirements
	3.4 Reports are ensured to be clear, detailed and contain recommendations focused on critical aspects of service delivery

Page 50 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Variable	Range	
Appropriate interpersonal skills may include but not limited to:	 listening actively to what the customer is communicating providing an opportunity for the customer to confirm their request questioning to clarify and confirm customer needs seeking feedback from the customer to confirm understanding of needs summarizing and paraphrasing to check understanding of customer message using appropriate body language 	
Customers may include but not limited to:	 corporate customers individual members of the organization individual members of the public internal or external other agencies 	
Customer needs and expectations may include:	 accuracy of information advice or general information complaints fairness/politeness further information making an appointment prices/value purchasing organization's products and services returning organization's products and services Specific information. 	

Organizational requirements may include but not limited to:	 access and equity principles and practice anti discriminations and related policy defined resource parameters goals, objectives, plans, systems and processes legal and organizational, guidelines and requirements OHS procedures. payment and delivery options pricing and discount policies quality and continuous improvement processes and standards quality assurance and/or procedures manuals replacement and refund procedures who is responsible for products or services
Effective communication may include but not limited to:	 giving customers full attention maintaining eye contact, except where eye contact may be culturally inappropriate speaking clearly and concisely using active listening techniques using appropriate language and tone of voice using clear written information/communication using non-verbal communication e.g. body language, personal presentation (for face-to-face interactions) using open and/or closed questions
Designated individuals may include but not limited to:	colleaguescustomersline managementsupervisor
Customer complaints may include but not limited to:	 administrative errors such as incorrect invoices or prices customer satisfaction with service quality damaged goods or goods not delivered delivery errors product not delivered on time service errors warehouse or store room errors such as incorrect product delivered
Specific needs of customers may relate to:	 age beliefs/values culture disability gender language religious/spiritual observances

Page 52 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Opportunities to promote and enhance services and products may include but not limited to:	 extending time lines packaging procedures procedures for delivery of goods system for recording complaints updating customer service charter
Verifiable evidence may include but not limited to:	 customer satisfaction questionnaires audit documentation and reports quality assurance data returned goods lapsed customers service calls complaints

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	 The candidate must be able to demonstrate: identifying needs and priorities of customers distinguishing between different levels of customer satisfaction treating customers with courtesy and respect responding to and reporting on, customer feedback knowledge of organizational policy and procedures for customer service
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	key provisions of relevant legislation from all levels of government that may affect aspects of business operations, such as: • anti-discrimination legislation • ethical principles • codes of practice • privacy laws • financial legislation • occupational health and safety (OHS) • organizational policy and procedures for customer service including handling customer complaints • service standards and best practice models • public relations and product promotion techniques for dealing with customers, including customers with specific needs
Underpinning Skills	 analytical skills to identify trends and positions of products and services communication skills to monitor and advise on customer service strategies literacy skills to: edit and proofread texts to ensure clarity of meaning and accuracy of grammar and punctuation prepare general information and papers according to target audience read and understand a variety of texts problem solving skills to deal with customer enquiries or complaints technology skills to select and use technology appropriate to a task self managements skills to: comply with policies and procedures consistently evaluate and monitor own performance seek learning opportunities
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 54 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Clerk Works Level III		
Unit Title	Monitor Implementation of Work Plan/Activities	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 14 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers competence required to oversee and monitor the quality of work operations within an enterprise. This unit may be carried out by team leaders or supervisors.	

Elements	Perf	ormance Criteria
Monitor and improve	1.1	Efficiency and service levels are monitored on an ongoing basis.
workplace operations	1.2	Operations in the workplace support overall enterprise goals and quality assurance initiatives.
	1.3	Quality problems and issues are promptly identified and adjustments are made accordingly.
	1.4	Procedures and systems are changed in consultation with colleagues to improve efficiency and effectiveness.
	1.5	Colleagues are consulted about ways to improve efficiency and service levels.
2. Plan and	2.1	Current workload of colleagues is accurately assessed.
organise workflow	2.2	Work is scheduled in a manner which enhances efficiency and customer service quality.
	2.3	Work is delegated to appropriate people in accordance with principles of delegation.
	2.4	Workflow is assessed against agreed objectives and timelines and colleagues are assisted in prioritisation of workload.
	2.5	Input is provided to appropriate management regarding staffing needs.
Maintain workplace	3.1	Workplace records are accurately completed and submitted within required timeframes.
records	3.2	Where appropriate completion of records is delegated and monitored prior to submission.
4. Solve problems and	4.1	Workplace problems are promptly identified and considered from an operational and customer service perspective.
make decisions	4.2	Short term action is initiated to resolve the immediate problem where appropriate.
	4.3	Problems are analysed for any long term impact and potential solutions are assessed and actioned in consultation with relevant colleagues.
	4.4	Where problem is raised by a team member, they are

Page 55 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	encouraged to participate in solving the problem.
4.5	Follow up action is taken to monitor the effectiveness of solutions in the workplace.

Variables	Range
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	difficult customer service situations
	equipment breakdown/technical failure
	delays and time difficulties
	competence
Workplace	May include but is not limited to:
records	staff records and regular performance reports

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: ability to effectively monitor and respond to a range of common operational and service issues in the workplace understanding of the role of staff involved in workplace monitoring knowledge of quality assurance, principles of workflow planning, delegation and problem solving
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrate knowledge of: roles and responsibilities in monitoring work operations overview of leadership and management responsibilities principles of work planning and principles of delegation typical work organization methods appropriate to the sector quality assurance principles and time management problem solving and decision making processes industrial and/or legislative issues which affect short term work organization as appropriate to industry sector
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 56 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Clerk Works Level III		
Unit Title Apply Quality Control		
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 15 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, attitudes and skills required in applying quality control in the workplace.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Implement quality	1.1 Agreed quality standard and procedures are acquired and confirmed.
standards	1.2 Standard procedures are introduced to organizational staff/personnel.
	1.3 Quality standard and procedures documents are provided to employees in accordance with the organization policy.
	1.4 Standard procedures are revised / updated when necessary.
Assess quality of service delivered	2.1 Services delivered are <i>quality checked</i> against organization <i>quality standards</i> and specifications.
delivered	2.2 Service delivered are evaluated using the appropriate evaluation <i>quality parameters</i> and in accordance with organization standards.
	2.3 Causes of any identified faults are identified and corrective actions are taken in accordance with organization policies and procedures.
3. Record information	3.1 Basic information on the quality performance is recorded in accordance with organization procedures.
	3.2 Records of work quality are maintained according to the requirements of the organization.
Study causes of quality deviations	4.1 Causes of deviations from final outputs or services are investigated and reported in accordance with organization procedures.
	4.2 Suitable preventive action is recommended based on organization quality standards and identified causes of deviation from specified quality standards of final service or output.
5. Complete documentation	5.1 Information on quality and other indicators of service performance is recorded.
	5.2 All service processes and outcomes are recorded.

Page 57 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Variable	Range
Quality check	May include but not limited to:
, ,	Check against design / specifications
	Visual inspection and Physical inspection
Quality standards	May include but not limited to:
	Materials
	Components
	• Process
	Procedures
Quality parameters	May include but not limited to:
243	Standard Design / Specifications
	Material Specification

Evidence Gu	ide			
Critical Aspect	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		n standards causes of erformance	
Underpinning Knowledge		 Demonstrates knowledge of: Relevant quality standards, policies and procedures Characteristics of services Safety environment aspects of service processes Evaluation techniques and quality checking procedures Workplace procedures and reporting procedures 		
Underpinning Skills		 Demonstrates interpret we appropriate carry out re maintain ac meet work 		tandards
Resource Implications		Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		ted situations, nd to
Methods of Assessment		Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning		ning
Context of Assessment		Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.		or in a
Page 58 of 144	Page 58 of 144 Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Clerk Works Level III		
Unit Title	Lead Workplace Communication	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 16 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, attitudes and skills needed to lead in the dissemination and discussion of information and issues in the workplace.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
1. Communicate	1.1	Appropriate <i>communication method</i> is selected	
information about workplace	1.2	Multiple operations involving several topics areas are communicated accordingly	
processes	1.3	Questions are used to gain extra information	
	1.4	Correct sources of information are identified	
	1.5	Information is selected and organized correctly	
	1.6	Verbal and written reporting is undertaken when required	
	1.7	Communication skills are maintained in all situations	
Lead workplace discussion	2.1	Response to workplace issues are sought	
discussion	2.2	Response to workplace issues are provided immediately	
	2.3	Constructive contributions are made to workplace discussions on such issues as production, quality and safety	
	2.4	Goals/objectives and action plan undertaken in the workplace are communicated.	
3. Identify and	3.1	Issues and problems are identified as they arise	
communicate issues arising in the workplace	3.2	Information regarding problems and issues are organized coherently to ensure clear and effective communication	
	3.3	Dialogue is initiated with appropriate staff/personnel	
	3.4	Communication problems and issues are raised as they arise	

Variable	Range
Methods of communication	May include but not limited to: Non-verbal gestures Verbal Face to face Two-way radio Speaking to groups Using telephone

Page 59 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Written
 Using Internet
Cell phone

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: Dealt with a range of communication/information at one time Made constructive contributions in workplace issues Sought workplace issues effectively Responded to workplace issues promptly Presented information clearly and effectively written form Used appropriate sources of information Asked appropriate questions Provided accurate information
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrates knowledge of: Organization requirements for written and electronic communication methods Effective verbal communication methods
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to: Organize information Understand and convey intended meaning Participate in variety of workplace discussions Comply with organization requirements for the use of written and electronic communication methods
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 60 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Clerk Works Level III		
Unit Title	Lead Small Teams	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 17 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills, knowledge and attitudes required to determine individual and team development needs and facilitate the development of the work group.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
1. Provide team leadership	identifie	ng and development needs are systematically ed and implemented in line with organizational ements	
		ng plan to meet individual and group training and omental needs is collaboratively developed and ented	
		uals are encouraged to self-evaluate performance and areas for improvement	
	from re	ack on performance of team members is collected levant sources and compared with established team g process	
2. Foster individual and organizational growth	identifie	ng and development program goals and objectives are ed to match the specific knowledge and skills ments of Competence standards	
	goals, t	ng delivery methods are appropriate to the learning the learning style of participants and availability of the learning resources	
	assista	ace learning opportunities and coaching/ mentoring nce are provided to facilitate individual and team ement of competencies	
		ces and timelines required for learning activities are ed and approved in accordance with organizational ments	
3. Monitor and evaluate workplace learning		ack from individuals or teams is used to identify and ent improvements in future learning arrangements	
	assess	nes and performance of individuals/teams are ed and recorded to determine the effectiveness of oment programs and the extent of additional support	
		ations to learning plans are negotiated to improve the cy and effectiveness of learning	
		s and reports of Competence are maintained within attional requirement	

Page 61 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

4. Develop team commitment and cooperation	4.1	Open communication processes to obtain and share information is used by team
	4.2	Decisions are reached by the team in accordance with its agreed roles and responsibilities
	4.3	Mutual concern and camaraderie are developed in the team
5. Facilitate accomplishment	5.1	Team members actively participated in team activities and communication processes
of organizational goals	5.2	Teams members developed individual and joint responsibility for their actions
	5.3	Collaborative efforts are sustained to attain organizational goals

Variable		Range			
Learning and		May include b	out not limited to:		
development			mentoring and/or supervision		
needs		 Formal/info 	ormal learning program		
		Internal/ext	ternal training provision		
		 Work expe 	rience/exchange/opportunities		
		 Personal st 	tudy		
		 Career plan 	nning/development		
		 Performand 	ce appraisals		
		 Workplace 	skills assessment		
		 Recognition 	n of prior learning		
Organizationa	ıl	May include b	out not limited to:		
requirements		 Quality ass 	surance and/or procedures manuals		
		•	ectives, plans, systems and process		
		-	organizational policy/guidelines and	requirements	
		• •	cies, procedures and programs		
			ality and security requirements		
			nd performance plans		
		 Ethical star 			
		•	d continuous improvement processe	s and standards	
Feedback on		•	out not limited to:		
performance			ormal performance appraisals		
			feedback from supervisors and colle	eagues	
		_	feedback from clients		
			and reflective behavior strategies		
		 Routine ar delivery 	nd organizational methods for monit	oring service	
Learning deliv	/erv	May include but not limited to:			
methods	J. ,	On the job coaching or mentoring			
		 Problem s 	olving		
1		Presentation/demonstration			
		Formal course participation			
		 Work expenses 	erience and Involvement in profession	onal networks	
Page 62 of 144		y of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

Conference/seminar attendance and induction

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: identified and implemented learning opportunities for others gave and received feedback constructively facilitated participation of individuals in the work of the team negotiated learning plans to improve the effectiveness of learning prepared learning plans to match skill needs accessed and designated learning opportunities
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitude	 Demonstrates knowledge of: coaching and mentoring principles understanding how to work effectively with team members who have diverse work styles, aspirations, cultures and perspective understanding how to facilitate team development and improvement understanding methods and techniques for eliciting and interpreting for albeits
	 interpreting feedback understanding methods for identifying and prioritizing personal development opportunities and options knowledge of career paths and competence standards in the industry
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: read and understand a variety of texts, prepare general information and documents according to target audience; spell with accuracy; use grammar and punctuation effective relationships and conflict management receive feedback and report, maintain effective relationships and conflict management organize required resources and equipment to meet learning needs provide support to colleagues organize information; assess information for relevance and accuracy; identify and elaborate on learning outcomes facilitation skills to conduct small group training sessions relate to people from a range of social, cultural, physical and mental backgrounds
Resource Implications	Access to relevant workplace or appropriately simulated environment where assessment can take place
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written exam Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the workplace or in a simulated workplace setting

Page 63 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Clerk Works Level III	
Unit Title	Improve Business Practice
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 18 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills, knowledge and attitudes required in promoting, improving and growing business operations.

Elements	Per	formance Criteria
1. Diagnose the	1.1	Data required for diagnosis is determined and acquired.
business	1.2	Competitive advantage of the business is determined from the data.
	1.3	SWOT analysis of the data is undertaken.
2. Benchmark the	2.1	Sources of relevant benchmarking data are identified.
business	2.2	Key indicators for benchmarking are selected in consultation with key stakeholders.
	2.3	Like indicators of own practice are compared with benchmark indicators.
	2.4	Areas for improvement are identified.
3. Develop plans	3.1	A consolidated list of required improvements is developed.
to improve business performance	3.2	Cost-benefit ratios for required improvements are determined.
periormanee	3.3	Work flow changes resulting from proposed improvements are determined.
	3.4	Proposed improvements are ranked according to agreed criteria.
	3.5	An action plan is developed and agreed to implement the top ranked improvements.
	3.6	Organizational structures are checked to ensure they are suitable.
4. Develop	4.1	The practice vision statement is reviewed.
marketing and promotional	4.2	Practice <i>objectives</i> are developed/ reviewed.
plans	4.3	Target markets are identified/ refined.
	4.4	Market research data is obtained.
	4.5	Competitor analysis is obtained.
	4.6	Market position is developed/ reviewed.
	4.7	Practice brand is developed.
	4.8	Benefits of practice/practice products/services are identified.

Page 64 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	4.9	Promotion tools are selected/ developed.
5. Develop	5.1	Plans are developed to increase <i>yield per existing client</i> .
business growth plans	5.2	Plans are developed to add new clients.
growth plans	5.3	Proposed plans are ranked according to agreed criteria.
	5.4	An action plan is developed and agreed to implement the top ranked plans.
	5.5	Practice work practices are reviewed to ensure they support growth plans.
6. Implement and monitor plans	6.1	Implementation plan is developed in consultation with all relevant stakeholders.
	6.2	Indicators of success of the plan are agreed.
	6.3	Implementation is monitored against agreed indicators.
	6.4	Implementation is adjusted as required.

V	
Variable	Range
Data required	May include but not limited to:
includes:	organization capability
	appropriate business structure
	level of client service which can be provided
	 internal policies, procedures and practices
	staff levels, capabilities and structure
	market, market definition
	market changes/market segmentation
	market consolidation/fragmentation
	• revenue
	level of commercial activity
	expected revenue levels, short and long term
	revenue growth rate
	break even data
	pricing policy
	revenue assumptions
	business environment
	economic conditions
	social factors
	demographic factors
	technological impacts
	political/legislative/regulative impacts
	competitors, competitor pricing and response to pricing
	competitor marketing/branding
	competitor products
Competitive	May include but not limited to:
advantage	services/products
	• fees

Page 65 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	• location	
	timeframe	
SWOT analysis	May include but not limited to:	
	 internal strengths such as staff capability, reco 	gnized
	quality	
	 internal weaknesses such as poor morale, 	
	 under-capitalization, poor technology 	
	external opportunities such as changing market	t and
	economic conditions	
	 external threats such as industry fee structures 	s. strategic
	alliances, competitor marketing	., oag
Key indicators	May include but not limited to:	
rtcy maloators	salary cost and staffing	
	 personnel productivity (particularly of principals 	•1
	 personner productivity (particularly or principals) profitability 	P)
	fee structure	
	• client base	
	size staff/principal	
<u> </u>	overhead/overhead control	
Organizational	May include but not limited to:	
structures	Legal structure (partnership, Limited Liability C	ompany, etc.)
	organizational structure/hierarchy	
	reward schemes	
Objectives should	May include but not limited to:	
be 'SMART'	S: Specific	
	M: Measurable	
	A: Achievable	
	R: Realistic	
	T: Time defined	
Market research	May include but not limited to:	
data	data about existing clients	
	 data about possible new clients 	
	data from internal sources	
	data from external sources such as:	
	trade associations/journals	
	Yellow Pages small business surveys	
	▶ libraries	
	▶ Internet	
	Chamber of Commerce	
	client surveys	
	➢ industry reports	
	secondary market research	
	primary market research such as:	
	> telephone surveys	
	personal interviews	
Competitor	May include but not limited to:	
analysis	competitor offerings	
Mini	stry of Education Legal Services Operation	Version 2

Page 66 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	competitor promotion strategies and activities
8.4 1 4 141	competitor profile in the market place
Market position	May include but not limited to:
should	• product
include data on:	the good or service provided
	product mix
	the core product - what is bought
	 the tangible product - what is perceived
	 the augmented product - total package of consumer
	features/benefits
	 product differentiation from competitive products
	 new/changed products
	Price and pricing strategies (cost plus, supply/demand, ability)
	to pay, etc.)
	Pricing objectives (profit, market penetration, etc.)
	• cost components
	market position
	distribution strategies
	marketing channels
	• promotion
	promotional strategies
	•
	target audience appropriation
	communication
Dractice bread	promotion budget May include but not limited to:
Practice brand	May include but not limited to:
	practice image
	practice logo/letter head/signage
	phone answering protocol
	facility decor
	• slogans
	templates for communication/invoicing
	style guide
	writing style
	AIDA (attention, interest, desire, action)
Benefits	May include but not limited to:
	features as perceived by the client
	 benefits as perceived by the client
Promotion tools	May include but not limited to:
	 networking and referrals
	• seminars
	advertising
	press releases
	publicity and sponsorship
	• brochures
	newsletters (print and/or electronic)
	websites
	direct mail
	- Girott maii

Page 67 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	telemarketing/cold calling
Yield per existing	May include but not limited to:
client	raising charge out rates/fees
	packaging fees
	reduce discounts
	sell more services to existing clients

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of Competence	 ability to ide ability to ide knowledge ability to account of ability to an ability to an ability to need implementation ability to even and form resident. 	skills and knowledge in: entify the key indicators of business entify the key market data for the business of a wide range of available information not readily available equire information not readily available allowed data and determine areas of egotiate required improvements to evaluate systems against practice recommendations and/or make records	isiness ation sources ble within a improvement nsure quirements mmendations
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrates	knowledge of: sis ation skills skills to manipulate data and present skills skills slving kills principles cquire and interpret relevant data duct and marketing mix ket intelligence ant and implementation strategies of	t information
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skill in: data analysis and manipulation ability to acquire and interpret required data, current practice systems and structures and sources of relevant benchmarking data applying methods of selecting relevant key benchmarking indicators communication skills working and consulting with others when developing plans for the business planning skills, negotiation skills and problem solving using computers to manipulate, present and distribute information		nt benchmarking nchmarking loping plans for solving estribute
Resources Implication Methods of Assessment	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices. Competence may be assessed through:		
Context of Assessment	 Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting. 		
Dans Co of 444 Min	istry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2

Page 69 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Clerk Works Level III		
Unit Title	Prevent and Eliminate MUDA	
Unit Code	EIS LSO3 19 1012	
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competence covers the knowledge, skills and attitude required by a worker to prevent and eliminate MUDA/wastes in his/her their workplace. It covers responsibility for the day-to-day operation of the work and ensures Kaizen elements are continuously improved and institutionalized.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Prepare for work.	1.1 Work instructions are used to determine job requirements, including method, material and equipment.
	1.2 Job specifications are read and interpreted following working manual.
	1.3 OHS requirements, including dust and fume collection, breathing apparatus and eye and ear personal protection needs are observed throughout the work.
	1.4 Appropriate material is selected for work.
	1.5 Safety equipment and tools are identified and checked for safe and effective operation.
2. Identify MUDA.	2.1 Plan of MUDA identification is prepared and implemented.
	2.2 Causes and effects of MUDA are discussed.
	2.3 Tools and techniques are used to draw and analyze current situation of the work place.
	2.4 Wastes/MUDA are identified and measured based on <i>relevant procedures</i> .
	2.5 Identified and measured wastes are reported to relevant personnel.
3. Eliminate	3. 1. Plan of MUDA elimination is prepared and implemented.
wastes/MUDA.	3. 2. Necessary attitude and <i>the ten basic principles for improvement</i> are adopted to eliminate waste/MUDA.
	3. 3. Tools and techniques are used to eliminate wastes/MUDA based on the procedures and OHS.
	3. 4. Wastes/MUDA are reduced and eliminated in accordance with OHS and organizational requirements.
	3. 5. Improvements gained by elimination of waste/MUDA are

Page 70 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

		reported to relevant bodies.
4.	Prevent occurrence of wastes/MUDA.	4.1 Plan of MUDA prevention is prepared and implemented.
		4.2 Standards required for machines, operations, defining normal and abnormal conditions, clerical procedures and procurement are discussed and prepared.
		4.3 Occurrences of wastes/MUDA are prevented by using visual and auditory control methods.
		4.4Waste-free workplace is created using 5W and 1Hsheet.
		4.5 The completion of required operation is done in accordance with standard procedures and practices.
		4.6 The updating of standard procedures and practices is facilitated.
		4.7The capability of the work team that aligns with the requirements of the procedure is ensured.

Variable	Range
OHS requirements	 May include but not limited to: Are to be in accordance with legislation/ regulations/codes of practice and enterprise safety policies and procedures. This may include protective clothing and equipment, use of tooling and equipment, workplace environment and safety, handling of material, use of fire fighting equipment, enterprise first aid, hazard control and hazardous materials and substances. Personal protective equipment is to include that prescribed under legislation/regulations/codes of practice and workplace policies and practices. Safe operating procedures are to include, but are not limited to the conduct of operational risk assessment and treatments associated with workplace organization. Emergency procedures related to this unit are to include but may not be limited to emergency shutdown and stopping of equipment, extinguishing fires, enterprise first aid requirements and site evacuation.
Safety equipment and tools	May include but not limited to: • dust masks / goggles • glove • working cloth • first aid • safety shoes

Tools and techniques	May include but not limited to:
10010 and teeningues	Plant Layout
	Process flow
	Other Analysis tools
	Do time study by work element
	Measure Travel distance
	Take a photo of workplace
	Measure Total steps
	Make list of items/products, who produces them and who
	uses them & those in warehouses, storages etc.
	Focal points to Check and find out existing problems
	• 5S
	Layout improvement
	Brainstorming
	Andon
	U-line
	In-lining
	Unification
	Multi-process handling & Multi-skilled operators
	A.B. control (Two point control)
	Cell production line
	TPM (Total Productive Maintenance)
Relevant procedures	May include but not limited to:
	Make waste visible
	Be conscious of the waste
	Be accountable for the waste.
	Measure the waste.
The ten basic	May include but not limited to:
principles for	 Throw out all of your fixed ideas about how to do things.
improvement	Think of how the new method will work- not how it won.
	 Don't accept excuses. Totally deny the status quo.
	Don't seek perfection. A 50 percent implementation rate is
	fine as long as it's done on the spot.
	Correct mistakes the moment they are found.
	Don't spend a lot of money on improvements.
	Problems give you a chance to use your brain.
	 Ask "why?" At least five times until you find the ultimate cause.
	Ten people's ideas are better than one person's.
	Improvement knows no limits.

Page 72 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Visual and auditory	May include but not limited to:	
control methods	Red Tagging	
	Sign boards	
	Outlining	
	Andons	
	Kanban, etc.	
5W and 1H	May include but not limited to:	
	Who	
	What	
	Where	
	When	
	Why	
	• How	

Evidence Guid				
Critical Aspects				
Competence	• discus	discuss why wastes occur in the workplace		
	• discus	s causes and effects of wastes/MUD	A in the	
	workp	lace		
	• analyz	 analyze the current situation of the workplace by using 		
	approj	appropriate tools and techniques		
	identif	y, measure, eliminate and prevent oc	currence of	
	waste	s by using appropriate tools and tech	niques	
	• use 5\	use 5W and 1H sheet to prevent		
Underpinning	Demonstra	ates knowledge of:		
Knowledge and	• Target	Targets of customers and manufacturer/service provider		
Attitudes	Traditi	Traditional and kaizen thinking of price setting		
	 Kaizer 	Kaizen thinking in relation to targets of		
	manuf	manufacturer/service provider and customer		
	• value	• value		
	The th	The three categories of operations		
	• the 3"l	• the 3"MU"		
	• waste	waste/MUDA		
	• waste	wastes occur in the workplace		
	• The 7	The 7 types of MUDA		
	The B	The Benefits of identifying and eliminating waste		
	• Cause	Causes and effects of 7 MUDA		
	Proce	Procedures to identify MUDA		
	Neces	Necessary attitude and the ten basic principles for		
	improv	improvement		
	•	Procedures to eliminate MUDA		
	Preve	ntion of wastes		
Page 73 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

Underpinning Skills	 Methods of waste prevention Definition and purpose of standardization Standards required for machines, operations, defining normal and abnormal conditions, clerical procedures and procurement Methods of visual and auditory control TPM concept and its pillars. Relevant Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) and environment requirements Plan and report Method of communication Demonstrates skills to: draw & analyze current situation of the work place 	
	 use measurement apparatus (stop watch, tape, etc.) calculate volume and area use and follow checklists to identify, measure and eliminate wastes/MUDA identify and measure wastes/MUDA in accordance with OHS and procedures use tools and techniques to eliminate wastes/MUDA in accordance with OHS procedure 	
	 apply 5W and 1H sheet update and use standard procedures for completion of required operation work with others read and interpret documents observe situations solve problems communicate gather evidence by using different means report activities and results using report formats 	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.	

Page 74 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

NQTF Level IV

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Implement Effective Communication Strategies	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 01 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to select and use communication strategies appropriate to a defined job role.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
1. Receive enquiry	1.1 Nature of <i>enquiry</i> is established
	1.2 Interactions with <i>person making enquiry</i> are ensured in accordance with <i>organization's standards and procedures</i> and meet the person's <i>needs and expectations</i>
	1.3 Legal and other limits of own responsibility are clearly outlined to person making the enquiry
	1.4Person's details and issues are recorded
2. Identify and apply appropriate communication techniques	2.1 Communication strategies that reflect organizational standards and procedures are used
	2.2 Effective communication techniques are used during the enquiry
	2.3 Ensure confidentiality of the enquiry is respected
Determine action to be taken	3.1 Personal limitations are identified in taking action and seek appropriate assistance from <i>designated individuals</i>
	3.2An <i>appropriate manner</i> is responded
	3.3 Other parties are involved in action if appropriate
	3.4Expectations of person making enquiry are managed
Review outcomes of communication	4.1 Person making enquiry is followed up to ensure action was effected
	4.2 Feedback about the communication strategies is sought
	4.3 Appropriate record keeping and reporting are undertaken

Variable	Range	
Enquiry may be	complaint	
specific or general	liaison/contact	
and may include:	seeking a meeting	
	seeking information	
	seeking referral	

Page 76 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Dorcon making	- diest ex customer
Person making	client or customer
enquiry may include:	general public
include.	government representative
	internal employee
	representative of another organization
	supplier
Organisation's	code of conduct with respect to security, confidentiality and
standards and	privacy
procedures may	compliance framework
include:	documenting activities planned and undertaken
	procedures relating to:
	booking rooms and resources
	time recording
	protocols relating to:
	accommodating/resolving/ specific client needs
	telephone responses
Needs and	fair and equitable treatment
expectations may	follow-up action
include:	sensitivity to physical, cultural, ethnic, language and literacy
	requirements
	specificity and accuracy of information
Logal and other	
Legal and other	extent of legal and professional privilege
limits may include:	Industry/ Labor and professional legislation.
	legislative and professional codes of conduct
	Organizational practices.
Communication	discuss options
strategies may	draft an email, formal letter or other written response
include:	make a telephone call
	organize a meeting
	send a fax
	use text messaging or other mobile telephone communication
	 use web-based communication and networking strategies
Communication	accommodating communication difficulties experienced by
techniques may	person making enquiry, such as language or literacy
include:	actively listening
	clarifying request or problem by summarizing and repeating to
	ensure that information gathered is accurate
	controlling tone of voice and body language
	demonstrating sensitivity to emotional and physical state and
	cultural background of person making enquiry
	using correct grammar and language
Designated	colleague
individuals may	regulatory or government personnel
include:	Immediate boss.
	teacher or trainer

Page 77 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Appropriate manner may include:	 contacting another organization documenting and filing communication according to organization's procedures not pursuing the matter notifying relevant department of enquiry organizing a meeting promptly contacting person making enquiry where appropriate providing a written response recording contact on database referring person making enquiry to: appropriate government department community legal centre law firm Immediate boss or appropriate authority within the firm relaying information verbally and, if directed by legal practitioner, forwarding information in writing to person making enquiry Telephoning person making enquiry after researching the
	appropriate information.
Other parties may include:	 clients clients' representatives government representatives interpreters lawyers for opposing party legal aid medical and legal consultants police regulatory bodies

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Evidence of the ability to: liaise/contact, develop and secure long-standing and effective relationships apply high level communication, negotiation, interpersonal and relationship management skills apply knowledge of the goals, policies and procedures of the organization consider and adapt special needs of customers, including culture, language, race, religion, ethnic origin, socioeconomic status and demographic needs 	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrates knowledge of: Iocal and international economic environment and trends public relations tools and media relevant legislation and regulations negotiation and communication principles information sources to identify relevant associations, conferences and other relationship building opportunities	

Page 78 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:	
Onderprining Okins	 communication skills to communicate effectively verbally and in writing with a variety of people of diverse backgrounds interpersonal skills to demonstrate networking and relationship-building techniques self-management skills to set goals in terms of: number of clients or customers to contact developing new relationships maintaining existing relationships technology skills to: access and maintain database systems use custom-made software to track contact with clients and professionals, and third-party concerned literacy skills to: write reports and letters use promotional techniques 	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning	
	Observation / Demonstration	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Conduct Work within a Compliance Framework	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 02 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to carry out work in accordance with the compliance framework applying to a particular job role, occupation or profession	

Elements	Performance Criteria	
Identify individual compliance requirements	1.1. Legislative and regulatory requirements relevant to job role, occupation or profession are identified and documented	
	1.2. Relevant <i>organizational and industry/Labor requirements</i> are identified and documented	
Interpret individual compliance requirements	2.1Compliance requirements are mapped against individual position description and work practices	
roquiromonio	2.2 Ethical considerations are discussed with relevant parties where appropriate	
3. Ensure individual compliance	3.1 <i>Appropriate persons</i> are consulted to identify procedures to be applied, contingent on the situation	
	3.2 Personal actions are reflected in the context of compliance requirements	
	3.3 Action taken is recorded if required	
Identify and adapt to changes in compliance	4.1 Documentation relating to changes is accessed and analyzed in compliance issues	
requirements	4.2 Documentation is discussed with appropriate persons to ensure ongoing compliance	

Variable		Range		
Legislative and regulatory requirements r include:		 equal employment opportunity and anti-discrimination legislation legislation specific to the labor occupational health and safety rules privacy legislation regulations and codes of conduct governing the occupation or profession 		
Organizational industry/Labou requirements rinclude:	tional and Labour ents may • conflict of • equity gui • ethical or • Labor sta		interest guidelines delines and workplace diversity guid other standards ndards and codes of conduct ontrol standards	lelines
Page 80 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012

	organization's values statement and relevant policies and procedures
Appropriate person may include:	 human resource manager person designated in organizational policy and procedure responsible for compliance
Documentation may include:	 newsletters organizational records staff meeting agendas and minutes updates from networks and professional associations

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Evidence of the ability to: apply knowledge of relevant legislative and regulatory requirements relating to work practices map requirements to work practices to demonstrate an application of compliance requirements apply work practices in accordance with a compliance framework handle contingencies
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: legislative and regulatory requirements relevant to job role, occupation or profession codes of practice relevant to job role, occupation or profession organizational policies and procedures relevant to workplace comprehensive knowledge of individual work requirements and practices as contained in position description and occupational standards interpretation of legislative requirements and codes of conduct in context of individual job role
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: written and oral communication to apply the relevant compliance framework research and documentation skills to research and summarize the compliance framework relevant to job role self-management skills to: monitor and adapt to changes in compliance issues handle contingencies
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral QuestioningObservation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Page 81 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Identify and Apply the Legal Framework	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 03 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to research legal systems and jurisdictions within Ethiopia.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify sources of law	1.1 The <i>main institutions</i> of government in Ethiopia are identified
	1.2 Sources of Ethiopian law are studied/examined
	1.3 Rules are assessed for resolving conflicts of laws
2. Identify and analyze	2.1 Legislative powers of the Ethiopian federal government and limits on that power are identified
relationships between the	2.2The legislative powers of the Regional states are analyzed
Ethiopian federal and the Regional states government	2.3The relationship between the legislative powers of the Ethiopian federal and Regional states government is evaluated
Differentiate between civil and criminal	3.1 The differences of substantive laws and procedures between civil and criminal proceedings are identified and examined.
proceedings	3.2The findings are analyzed and which court would hear particular cases is determined
4. Examine	4.1 Main features of the system of trial are identified.
elements of system of trial	4.2These features are evaluated and how they apply in the context of the legal environment is determined.
5. Examine elements of	5.1 The main features of the principles of precedent are identified
precedent	5.2 Analyze how precedent is applied in the context of a legal environment
	5.3The outcomes of precedent are examined and documented
6. Examine legislation	6.1 Principles for reading and interpreting legislation are examined
	6.2 Principles for reading and interpreting legislation are applied in the context of a legal environment

Page 82 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Variable	Range	
Main institutions may include:	 Federal and Regional State constitution Courts Federal system of government Parliaments Customs And others which not include here. 	
Sources may include:	 Ethiopian law common law and Civil law Customary law Equity 	
Legislative powers may include:	Concurrent powersExclusive powers	

Evidence Guide	Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: Explain the differences between Ethiopian law making bodies. Identify appropriate institutions/organization to hear civil versus criminal proceedings. Demonstrate how the system of trial operates. Demonstrate the application and outcomes of the principles of precedent. Read and interpret legislation. 		
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: institutions and main features of the Ethiopian legal system legal terminology in relation to areas of the practice of the law and relevant legal processes methods used to identify appropriate information about sources of Ethiopian law scope of responsibilities in the context of legal framework 		
Underpinning Skills	<u> </u>		

Page 83 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Level IV	
Unit Title	Establish and Maintain a File in Legal Services
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 04 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to manage the conduct of a file under the instruction of a designated individual. This includes establishing files, developing and obtaining appropriate documents, liaising with clients, and carrying out file closure procedures.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Initiate preliminary file activities	1.1 Meeting is arranged with <i>designated individual</i> to discuss new file, and to plan and prioritize preliminary work
	1.2Details of the <i>legal matter</i> are obtained from <i>client</i> according to <i>organization's policies and procedures</i>
	1.3A quote/cite is developed in line with organization's fee structure and forward it to instructing legal practitioner for approval
	1.4Quote and instructions are forwarded for establishing a trust account to client on behalf of instructing legal practitioner
	1.5 Terms of engagement with instructing legal practitioner and client and ensure mutual expectations is agreed upon and documented
	1.6 Initial file documentation is prepared
Carry out conflict of interest check	2.1 Self or other person is organized to carry out conflict of interest check
	2.2 Results of conflict of interest check are discussed and resolved in preliminary file notes, and areas of potential conflict
3. Open file	3.1 Relevant information is located, accessed and extracted for initiating files
	3.2 Support staff is selected and briefed to assist on file, in consultation with designated individual
	3.3 Forward confirmation of instructions, details of those working on the file, a summary of work to be performed and associated timelines to client on behalf of instructing legal practitioner
	3.4 Work is planned in conjunction with designated individual and allocate <i>resources</i>
Contact other persons about the	4.1 Liaison/contact with <i>other persons</i> is undertaken and statements are obtained if necessary

Page 85 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	file	4.2 Liaison/contact is undertaken with <i>experts</i> where appropriate
		4.3 File notes detailing <i>activities</i> , <i>actions and outcomes</i> are updated and time is recorded
5.	Undertake legal process according	5.1 Legal process is carried out as planned with designated individual
	to plan	5.2 Information flow is maintained to designated individual on progress of matter.
		5.3 <i>Issues or problems</i> outside own range of responsibility are immediately referred to designated individual for resolution
		5.4Trust account is monitored/ checked to ensure sufficient monies are present and contact instructing legal practitioner to facilitate the transfer of additional funds/money if necessary.
		5.5 Client up-to-date on matter is kept through progress reports and, where necessary, meetings with designated individual
6.	Facilitate file administration and	6.1 Self or other person is organized to reconcile time records with costing
	closure	6.2 Self or other person is organized to undertake final costing
		6.3 Self or other person is organized to prepare invoice
		6.4 Meeting is arranged with designated individual to review final invoice and <i>relevant documentation</i> in order to facilitate sign-off before forwarding to client
		6.5 File notes are updated and completed
		6.6 Final accounting of trust account is ensured and outstanding disbursements <i>r</i> esolved
		6.7 File is closed and archived according to organization's policies and procedures

Variable	Range	
Designated individual may	Immediate bosslegal practitioner	
include:	A	
Legal matter may	Agreement	
include:	Contract	
	Disputing a claim	
	Initiating litigation	
	Protecting rights	
	Pettling a dispute	
	Trademark and other not included here.	
Client may include:	Business	
	Government entity	

Page 86 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	Individual
	insurance organizational
	legal aid
	not-for-profit organization
	third party
Organization's	accessing files
policies and	conflict of interest
procedures may	contingency management
relate to:	fee structure
	 individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner
	information sources
	information specific to the organization
	initiating and updating files
	interviewing clients
	office procedural manual
	protocol for accommodating specific client needs, e.g. social
	worker or parole officer
	protocol for contacting clients, e.g. translator or interpreter
	 providing quotes
	recording information
	security, confidentiality and privacy procedures
	telephone protocol
	terms of engagement
	time-recording procedures
	verifying and authorizing information
Fee structure may	fee by hour
include:	scale of costs
	special rates
	• tender
Terms of	
engagement may	fee contingent on success of case pro bone pervises
include:	pro bono service Collective agreement
	Collective agreement Collective agreement Collective agree
Client expectations	bill narrative/invoice
may include:	charge out rate
	estimate of total legal costs
	information invoice details
	name and address of recognized professional association that
	regulates the organization or practitioner
	Other requirements as described by relevant legislation, rules
	and codes of practice.
1 22 1 23	Reporting frequency.
Initial file	assigning file or matter number to client
documentation may	ensuring file or matter number is attached to all relevant
involve:	documentation
0 (1)	recording relevant client matter details
Conflict of interest	representing other party
may include:	representing relative
	Version 2

Page 87 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

	vested interest in outcome
Resources may include:	 access to: experts office materials services staff time venues for liaison and meetings
Other persons with whom liaison may occur may include: Experts may include:	 experts government departments and agencies opposing parties historian medical practitioner parole officer/executive officer psychiatrist psychologist social worker
Activities, actions and outcomes may include:	 exchange of information failure to return call process of discovery verbal communication with external parties
Issues or problems may include:	 difficulties with accessing required information ensuring that support staff are adhering to security, confidentiality, privacy and timeline requirements technical difficulties
Relevant documentation may include:	 agreements bank statements briefs contracts information for client internal correspondence leases letters memorandums of law mortgages opinion letters organization's templates other financial documentation pleadings precedents statements transcripts from Immediate boss's notes transfer of shares wills
	 other relevant documentation required under Ethiopian legislation, rules, and codes of practice.

Legal Services Operate Ethiopian Occupational St	Ministry of Education Copyright	Page 88 of 144
---	------------------------------------	----------------

	Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of	Evidence of the ability to:				
Competence	 document and file information according to organization's 				
	procedures and legal requirements, and within agreed				
	timeframes				
	apply organization's financial systems and procedures				
	according to legal requirements and within agreed timeframes				
	provide appropriate information, advice and assistance to				
	clients within own scope of responsibility				
	explain legal and legislative requirements underlying actions				
	apply knowledge of relevant court processes, current legislation, legal processes, and required desumentation.				
Underning	legislation, legal processes and required documentation Demonstrates knowledge of:				
Underpinning Knowledge and					
Attitudes	 scope of role, responsibilities and obligation to refer imedate boss 				
/ ttillades	 organization's policies and procedures, including quotation 				
	and invoicing procedures				
	 accepted codes of conduct, including those relating to: 				
	privacy and confidentiality				
	use of organizational property				
	duty of care				
	ethical behavior				
	non-discriminatory practice				
> conflict of interest					
	compliance with reasonable direction				
	legal terminology, including that specific to area of law				
	archiving procedures and appropriate file retention periods				
	relevant court processes, current legislation, legal processes				
Underninging Chille	and required documentation Demonstrates skills to:				
Underpinning Skills	 communication skills to: 				
	 Communication skills to. follow and provide clear written and oral sequenced 				
	instructions				
	 participate in sustained and complex transactions 				
	 apply questioning techniques to elicit and clarify 				
	information				
	literacy skills to:				
	follow intricate/complex legal procedures				
	read and interpret legal documents				
	use legal vocabulary and grammatical structures to				
	achieve precise meaning				
	numeracy skills to: numeracy skills to:				
	> prepare a quote in line with organization's fee structure				
	maintain and reconcile time records to inform final costing prepare final invoice for sign off by client				
	 prepare final invoice for sign-off by client research and report writing skills to assemble and evaluate 				
	research and report writing skills to assemble and evaluate				
Minis	try of Education Legal Services Operation Version 2				

Page 89 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	 background information and critical documents technology skills to: ➤ prepare and review invoicing for services ➤ research information and prepare reports on outcomes
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through:Interview / Written Test / Oral QuestioningObservation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Level IV			
Unit Title	Produce Legal Documents		
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 05 0812		
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to produce legal documents using a range of advanced functions within at least one software package and integrating functions from at least two software packages.		

Ele	ements	Performance Criteria
1.	Establish	1.1 Requirements of task are identified in line with instructions
	document design and structure	1.2 Software appropriate to task is selected
		1.3 Document design and structure is determined
		1.4 Document is designed and structured to meet legislative requirements
		1.5 Existing precedent documents are reviewed and updated
2.	Develop precedents for	2.1 Precedents are developed and used to ensure consistency of design and layout
	document design	2.2Templates are evaluated and amended to ensure document requirements can be met
		2.3 Improvements are recommended to design and/or structure of existing documents and facilitate a review process of suggested improvements
3.	Prepare to produce documents	3.1 Documents are prepared using appropriate and available precedent documents according to <i>organization's policies</i> and procedures
		3.2 Relevant data is entered and edited
		3.3A range of advanced software functions are used to ensure accurate completion of task
		3.4 Documents are checked for spelling, grammar, numeric data and layout
		3.5 Documents are proofread for accuracy of content and consistency of layout and style
		3.6 Modifications are made to meet required specifications
		3.7 Any <i>difficulties</i> are identified to produce completed documents within agreed timelines
4.	Prepare to print	4.1 Documents are printed as required
	documents	4.2 Review of documents is arranged with <i>designated person</i>
		4.3 Final printing of documents is undertaken

Page 91 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

5. Save file and exit system	5.1 Document is saved and stored in appropriate directory or folder
	5.2 File and exit application programs are closed without loss of data
	5.3 Back-up copies of file are made according to specified procedures
	5.4 Discs/data is filed and stored according to organization's policies and procedures

Variable	Range
Software packages	Database
may include:	Document management software
	Graphics
	Page layout software
	Spreadsheet
	Word processing
Documents may	• contracts
include:	• costing
	court documents for filing in a variety of courts and tribunals
	deeds and agreements
	in-house newsletters
	precedents used in organization
	promotional brochures
	research reports
	• wills
Document design	advanced software functions
and structure may include:	constraints regarding organization's style and letterhead
morado.	instructions for word processing operator
	legislated document layout guidelines
	links to existing information
	precedents' manuals
	 range of complex software supporting the production of precedents
Existing precedent	business structure documents
documents may include:	conveyancing documents
include.	documents used in civil and criminal proceedings
	family law documents
	generic correspondence
	wills and probate documents

Page 92 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Organization's policies and procedures may include:	 accessing files authorizing creation of new legal precedents authorizing precedent changes back-up procedures file maintenance information sources information specific to the organization initiation of files office procedural manuals use of precedent and file naming conventions of document security, confidentiality and privacy procedures verifying and authorizing information
Difficulties needing management may include:	 alterations to instructions client needs lack of available or suitable resources problems encountered when liaising with others technical difficulties
Designated person may include:	 lawyer legal practice manager paralegal partner Immediate boss

Evidence Guide	Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	Evidence of the ability to:		
	 ensure that confidentiality and security of information are maintained 		
	 produce and present accurate documents that conform to specified standards within agreed timelines 		
	 use advanced functions of at least one software package or integrate functions of at least two software packages, in document production 		
	 apply knowledge of relevant legislation, rules, codes of practice and research resources 		
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:		
Knowledge and Attitudes	 Application of organization's procedures in relation to precedent design. 		
	developing and testing templates		
	 accepted codes of practice relevant to the workplace, including those relating to: 		
	privacy and confidentiality		

Page 93 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	use of organization property
	,
	duty of careethical behaviour
	> non-discriminatory practice
	> conflict of interest
	compliance with reasonable direction
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	communication skills to:
	follow and interpret instructions
	provide clear and specific instructions about information required
	literacy skills to:
	follow complex legal procedures
	 consider aspects of context, purpose and audience when generating and formatting texts
	edit and proofread to ensure:
	 ✓ clarity of meaning and conformity to enterprise requirements
	√ accuracy and consistency of information
	numeracy skills to collate and present data, graphs and annotated references
	problem-solving skills to use processes flexibly and interchangeably
	technology skills to use a range of software applications
	organizational skills to select and apply the procedures and strategies needed to perform a range of tasks within designated timelines
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Page 94 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV			
Unit Title	Apply the Principles of Contract Law		
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 06 0812		
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to enable a person to assess contractual issues in a legal environment.		

Elements	Performance Criteria
Determine the nature and meaning of	1.1 Sources of legal information on the nature and meaning of contract are accessed.
contract	1.2Common and civil law legal system are distinguished.
	1.3The significance of contracts and contract law is assessed in business, and document the outcomes of this assessment in which the person acts.
2. Determine the	2.1 Legal principles are defined governing simple <i>contracts</i>
principles of contract law	2.2 Key elements of a simple contract matter are identified and documented
3. Enhance professional	3.1 A legal matter involving contractual issues is assessed by applying principles of contract law.
practice through application of	3.2The key issues are analyzed and evaluated
relevant principles of contract law	3.3 Analysis is reviewed with <i>designated person</i>
4. Distinguish	4.1 Procedures are specified for the discharge of contracts
between a contract being	4.2 Available remedies are listed for breach of contract
discharged or breached	4.3 Procedures are applied for discharge of contracts to workplace legal matter
	4.4 Identified remedies are applied to a relevant workplace legal matter

Variable	Range	
Sources of legal information may include:	 court library online information services and websites organization's library precedents scholar texts 	
Contracts may include:	commercial and business contractsPublic contract.employment contracts	

Page 95 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Designated	•	Lawyer
persons may include:	•	legal practitioner
iliciade.	•	Immediate boss

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Evidence of the ability to:	
Competence	demonstrate knowledge of the principles of contract law	
	apply the principles of contract law	
	demonstrate knowledge of the steps for the	
	discharge/performance of a contract	
	demonstrate knowledge of remedies for breach of contract	
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	 commonly used legal terminology, institutions and main features of the Ethiopian legal system 	
	 methods used to identify appropriate information about sources of Ethiopian law 	
	 nature, aims and rationale of contracts, including agreements, intention to create legal relations, consideration, and capacity to contract 	
	remedies for breach of contract	
	illegal, voidable and void contracts	
	privacy of contract and assignment of contract	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:	
	literacy skills to read and interpret written material	
	research and data collection skills to identify:	
	 characteristics, similarities and differences of Ethiopian institutions 	
	types of proceedings and trial procedures	
	 analytical skills to investigate and compare legal institutions and assess simple legal matters related to contract 	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	 Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration 	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Page 96 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Apply the Principles of the Law of Torts	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 07 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to enable a person to apply the principles of the law of torts in a legal environment.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Define nature and meaning of	1.1 Sources of legal information are accessed on the nature and meaning of law of torts
law of torts	1.2Tort is distinguished from crime, breach of contract, or other legal obligations
2. Identify principles of the	2.1 Legal principles are defined in the <i>application of the law</i> of torts
law of torts	2.2Key elements of law are determined of torts matters
3. Apply relevant	3.1Legal matters relevant to possible torts are assessed
elements of tort	3.2Information is analyzed and evaluated
	3.3Information relevant to particular matter is extracted and documented
Identify remedies for breaches of law of torts	4.1 Circumstances giving rise to liability in law of torts are identified
	4.2 Remedies applicable to breach are identified and documented
	4.3 Findings are submitted to designated person according to organizational policies and procedures

Variable	Range	
Sources of legal information may include:	 court library online information services and websites organization's library scholar texts 	
Application of the law of torts may include:	 defamation negligence protection of interests in goods protection of interests in land trespass to the person and others not mention 	
Designated persons may	Lawyerlegal practitioner	

Page 97 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

include:	•	Immediate boss
----------	---	----------------

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Evidence of the ability to: demonstrate knowledge of the principles of the law of torts demonstrate knowledge of the application of the law of torts demonstrate knowledge of liability of burden in the law of torts apply the principles of the law of torts 	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: commonly used legal terminology, institutions and main features of the Ethiopian legal system methods used to identify appropriate information about sources of Ethiopian law nature and meaning of law of torts torts relating to: negligence negligent misrepresentation person, goods and land meaning of: Fault Strict liability vicarious liability 	
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: literacy skills to read and interpret written material research and data collection skills to identify: characteristics, similarities and differences of Ethiopian institutions types of proceedings and trial procedures analytical skills to investigate and compare legal institutions 	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral QuestioningObservation / Demonstration	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Page 98 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Research Legal Information Using Primary Sources	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 08 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to work researching primary sources of legal information, locating relevant information and writing up a basic summary.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Receive and process request	1.1 <i>Request</i> is documented using <i>appropriate recording</i> system
for information	1.2 Client identity and other party's right are confirmed to receive information
	1.3 Client needs are clarified and relevant criteria established in consultation with <i>designated person</i> to ensure client needs are met
	1.4 Appropriate response methods and format are researched and identified
	1.5 Request for information is forwarded to others where appropriate
Identify information	2.1 Relevant sources and locations of information are identified and researched
sources	2.2 Access to identified sources is obtained
	2.3 Problems are resolved with accessing information promptly and efficiently
3. Prepare to extract	3.1 Information relevant to particular request is located and extracted
information	3.2 Resolutions to problems are discussed and implemented in accessing information with designated person where appropriate
	3.3 Extracted information is copied according to <i>organization's</i> security and confidentiality procedures
	3.4 Integrity of content/information is maintained

Variable	Range
Request for information may come from:	 Lawyer external client internal staff staff from another office other parties
Appropriate	electronic

Page 99 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

recording system	• paper based
may be:	paper-based
Designated	external client
person may	external official
include:	
morado.	lawyer lammediate hase
	Immediate boss Ingel practice
	legal practice
	partner
A	Immediate boss
Appropriate	providing letters and reports
response	sending copies of original information
methods may	sending original information
include:	
Appropriate	photocopies
format may	preparation of original documents
include:	- agraemente
Relevant sources of information	agreements articles including:
may be online or	articles, including:
hard copy and	> academic
may include:	> journal
may molude.	> newspaper
	• briefs
	• client files
	closed /dead matter files
	financial information, including:
	Federal and regional organization.
	> International
	specific to another organization
	specific to organization
	internal correspondence/Source
	letters, including opinion letters
	market research information
	media, including:
	> audio
	> television
	> video
	> web source
	memorandums of law
	non-legal reports
	original research
	libraries
	• pleadings
	precedents
	previous case histories and common or civil law legal system
	relevant legislation
	specialist/scholar texts
	statistics
	transcripts from relevant notes

Page 100 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
-----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Organization's security and confidentiality procedures may relate to non-disclosable information and may include:	 addresses court adjournment fees other clients health status legal history personal history
Integrity of content may include:	completenessneatnessorder of pages
Different types of information may include:	 certificates correspondence/message entitlements legislation reports
Organization's requirements for document formatting may include:	 appropriate use of letterhead correct line spacing correct margins correct use of reference dual column system list of enclosures paragraph numbering placing of headings presence or absence of a back sheet presence or absence of a cover sheet specific sign-off clauses table of contents use of font features use of document headers and footers Stamp and titer
Organization's policies and procedures may include:	 customer service protocols document recording procedures format of report or correspondence information sources protocols for accommodating specific client needs recording information security, confidentiality and privacy procedures verifying and authorizing information
Organization's information-recording procedures may include:	 attaching file name and matter number ensuring client file is updated maintaining time records storing and securing copy

Evidence Guide

Page 101 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	T
Critical Aspects of	Evidence of the ability to:
Competence	locate and provide appropriate information, which meets
	client needs and is in required format
	adhere to relevant codes of practice, in particular those adhere to relevant codes of practice, in particular those adhere to relevant codes of practice, in particular those
	relating to privacy and confidentiality
	 provide materials that meet organization's policies and procedures
	 demonstrate knowledge of relevant legislation, rules, codes
	of practice and research resources
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and	 organization's required policies and procedures for the full
Attitudes	range of tasks covered
	 legal terminology in relation to area of law and relevant legal
	process
	relevant Federal and Regional state legislation, rules and
	codes in relation to client and organization, including:
	copyright and intellectual property
	> freedom of information
	Privacy provision
	accepted codes of practice relevant to the organization,
	including those relating to:
	privacy and confidentialityuse of organizational property
	duty of care
	> ethical behaviour
	> non-discriminatory practice
	conflict of interest
Underpinning	Demonstrates skills to:
Skills	communication skills to provide clear and specific instructions
	about required information
	literacy skills to:
	➢ follow legal procedures
	consider aspects of context, purpose and audience when
	generating and formatting texts
	> edit and proofread documents to ensure clarity of
	meaning, accuracy and conformity to organizational requirements
	 numeracy skills to collate and present data, graphs and
	annotated references
	 organizational skills to select and apply the procedures and
	strategies needed to perform a range of tasks within
	designated timelines
	 problem-solving skills to use processes flexibly and
	interchangeably
	research skills to locate specific information
	technology skills to use a range of software applications
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
	Version 2

Page 102 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
-----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning
	Observation / Demonstration
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	nit Title Apply the Principles of Evidence Law	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 09 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to assess issues associated with evidence law in a legal environment.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Define nature and meaning of evidence law	1.1 Sources of legal information on nature and meaning of evidence law are accessed
ovidorioo idw	1.2Case law and legislation related to evidence are assessed
	1.3The significance of evidence law is assessed in <i>various contexts</i> in a legal environment
Identify principles of evidence law	2.1 Legal principles governing evidence are defined and documented
	2.2 Key concepts underpinning evidence law are determined
3. Enhance professional practice through	3.1 The principles of evidence are applied to relevant legal matters arising in the workplace
application of	3.2Key issues are analyzed and evaluated
relevant principles of evidence law	3.3 Analysis is reviewed with <i>designated person</i>
Identify relevant and admissible evidence	4.1 Relevant and admissible evidence are distinguished in the context of a legal matter
211461166	4.2 Consequence of evidence not being relevant and/or admissible is identified

Variable	Range	
Sources of legal information may include:	 court library online information services and websites organization's library precedent specialist/scholars texts 	
Various contexts may include:	 civil disputes criminal liability examination of witnesses insurance disputes preparation for civil trial preparation for criminal trial 	
Designated	lawyers lagal practioner	
Designated persons may	: :	

Page 104 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

include:	Immediate boss
----------	----------------

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Evidence of the ability to: demonstrate knowledge of the principles of evidence law apply the principles of evidence law demonstrate knowledge of the application of admissible evidence in a range of contexts
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrates knowledge of: commonly used legal terminology, institutions and main features of the Ethiopian legal system methods used to identify appropriate information about sources of Ethiopian evidence law nature and meaning of evidence law, including: standard and burden of proof relevance of evidence hearsay evidence competence and compellability of witnesses opinion evidence character evidence
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: literacy skills to read and interpret written material research and data collection skills to identify: characteristics, similarities and differences of Ethiopian organization/institution types of proceedings and trial procedures analytical skills to investigate and compare legal institutions/organization and legal matters
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Page 105 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV	
Unit Title	Provide Advocacy and Representation
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 10 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to Representing the interests of the community and/or the public services organization. Representation will include the development of public representative and organization participative roles and positions in decision making forums.

Ele	ement	Performance Criteria	
1.	Establish the representativ e role and process	Role, processes and <i>conditions of representation</i> are identified in consultation with individuals and key groups	
		1.2 The support of concerned people is sought	
		1.3 Requirements for reporting are determined and implemented	
2.	Participate in decision making forums	2.1 Relevant interests and concerns to be pursued are identified in accordance with organisational priorities	
		Work is undertaken to provide a framework for pursuing promotion of relevant interests	
		2.3 Opportunities are created to reflect, promote and represent relevant interests and responded to routinely within work role	
		2.4 The potential impact of the <i>development</i> and decisions is calculated and assessed in terms of objectives and priorities	
		2.5 Progress, feedback, other reports are provided according to concerned people and organisation requirements	
3.	Negotiate outcomes	3.1 Appropriate strategic alliances are identified and developed	
	and liaise	3.2 Collaborative planning and action are promoted and supported	
	with concerned	3.3 Potential areas of conflict are identified and strategies implemented to address them	
	person	3.4 Purpose and objectives are clearly determined and promoted	
		3.5 Appropriate work is undertaken with organising committees and board of management to maximise effectiveness	
4.	Evaluate effectiveness of strategies	4.1 Actual work outcomes are analysed and reported against agreed objectives	
	s. s.iatogio	4.2 Adjustments are implemented to strategy according to the evaluation	

Variable	Range	
Conditions of	authorisation, accountability	
representation	consultation and delegations	
may include:	• resources	

Page 106 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	terms of reference
	scope, scale and parameters
	role of concerned people
	existing community structures, systems, networks, processes
	development of public position
	requirements of public mechanisms
Support may be	development of consultation and accountability structures
sought for:	development of public sectors positions
Concerned	experts
people may	policy/decision makers
include:	resource managers
	media
	researchers
	trainers
	teachers
	community leaders
Opportunities	events
may include:	publicity
	committee membership
	public presentations
	media
	policy development
	special meetings/delegations
Developments	social/political/economic/industrial changes
may include:	within and outside the organisation structures
	government policy
	ideology
	education
	research findings
	community change
Unit scope	dealing with different community issues, creating a strategy on
	conducting advocacy, exhibiting appropriate ethical behaviour
Representative	advancing the interests of the public through decision making
roles may include:	forums
	action taken to influence decision making processes
	 developing and promoting the interests of the community
	services industry in a wide range of public sectors

Evidence Gui	de
Critical aspects	 effective representation of individual and group concerns and interests within the organisation, the public and the public services industry participation in a range of decision making forums
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	social/economic/industrial policy and related theory
Page 107 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard Version 2 August 2012

	 power structures and relationships in the community Public development models nature and structure of the community services industry social/economic/labour legislation processes and structures relevant to organisational goals and objectives or work role Public culture models of negotiation research methods models of management/leadership complex cultural awareness depending on the work role or services provided, specific knowledge of particular groups or issues may be required, including: alcohol and other drugs cultural and linguistic diversity risk of self harm women men mental health
Underpinning Skills	 To use appropriate legislation and regulations relevant to common legal matters To use background information on courts, their jurisdiction and behavioural requirements and advocacy To use appropriate technology such as computers with relevant software appropriate texts and access to person's with expert knowledge such as legal practitioners
Resource implications:	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of assessment:	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV	
Unit Title	Attend Pretrial Negotiations
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 11 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes preparing for pre trial negotiations with opposing parties, organising a mutually convenient time when parties can meet and attending the negotiation to offer and/or receive offers of compromise according to instructions.

Element	Performance Criteria
Prepare for pre-trial negotiations	1.1Meeting is arranged with instructing legal practitioner to discuss matter and to develop strategy for conducting pre-trial negotiations
	1.2.Relevant background information is reviewed and analysed
	1.3 Information are provided to others to organise meeting with opposing party
	1.4 Points of law are examined with a view to pre-trial settlement or issuing of an offer of compromise and relevant documents are prepared where appropriate
Conduct pre-trial negotiations	2.1 Additional assistance from staff is organised for meeting where necessary
	2.2 Offers of compromise are forwarded to opposing party as known organizational interest and in accordance with legal environment.
	2.3 Opposing party's offers of compromise are received if presented
	2.4 Meeting is recorded and transcript is checked for accuracy
3. Inform of pre-trial negotiation	3.1 Instructing legal practitioner is contacted and opposing party's offer of compromise is communicated for review
outcomes	3.2 Opposing party's offer of compromise is interpreted in conjunction with organizational interest.
4. Undertake follow up action	4.1 Organizational interest and instructions should be received, understood, documented and any follow up action is undertaken.
	4.2 Where offer of compromise has been rejected and both parties have completed interlocutory steps have to be informed to the organization.
	4.3 Relevant documentation is completed and filed at relevant court

Variable	Range	
----------	-------	--

Page 109 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Unit scope	•	strategy	vith different clients and/or client ma for the purpose of attending pre-trial g/showing appropriate ethical behave	negotiations,		
Relevant	•	client's fi	le			
background		past case				
information may		costs to				
include:		strength				
	· ·	the file	or case			
Instructions may relate to:	′ •		. Professional and a section of the second			
Telate to.	•	•	and information relevant to the matte	;r		
	•		sing party			
	•	timelines				
	•	venue				
	•	contactin	g opposing party to arrange a meeti	ing		
	•	confident	iality and security of information			
	•	altering a	ppointments			
Relevant docum	ents •	own part	y's offer of compromise, without pre	iudice		
may include:	•	•	fer of compromise	,		
Offers of	•		fer of compromise, which must be fi	led at the		
compromise ma		appropria	•	iod at tho		
oompromise ma	•		of compromise, usually without pre	iudica		
Offers of	•		n of costs	judice		
compromise ma						
involve:			of property			
iiivoive.	•	access ri	•			
	•		ent agreement			
	•		damages			
	•		ment at place of work			
	•	custodial	agreement			
	•	divorce a	greement			
	•	hospital f	ees			
	•	public ap	ology			
	•	admissio	n of partial negligence			
Relevant author	ity •	court boo	dy			
may include:	•	tribunal b				
	•	governm	-			
		independ	•			
Client's and	•					
instructing legal		rejecting the opposing party's offer of compromisefurther negotiations				
practitioner's			g or expanding a client's offer of con	nnromice		
instructions may		mounyin	y or expanding a cheff 5 offer of con	ιρισιπιοσ		
involve:						
Follow up action	•	filing the	relevant notice of discontinuance at	court should		
may include:		 filing the relevant notice of discontinuance at court should offer of compromise be accepted 				
A organization's	•		g and liaising with opposing party			
policies and						
procedures may	. •	• •	g meetings			
include:			g/making offers of compromise			
moluue.	•	ilaising w	rith clients			
				Version 2		
Page 110 of 144	Ministry of		Legal Services Operation	August 2012		
	Сору	rigrit	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	-		

 privacy/security/confidentiality procedures time recording procedures interviewing verifying and authorising information recording information Protocol for accommodating special client needs, eg. social worker, parole officer, translator, interpreter information sources undertaking negotiations The area of law may commercial law
 interviewing verifying and authorising information recording information Protocol for accommodating special client needs, eg. social worker, parole officer, translator, interpreter information sources undertaking negotiations
 verifying and authorising information recording information Protocol for accommodating special client needs, eg. social worker, parole officer, translator, interpreter information sources undertaking negotiations
 recording information Protocol for accommodating special client needs, eg. social worker, parole officer, translator, interpreter information sources undertaking negotiations
 Protocol for accommodating special client needs, eg. social worker, parole officer, translator, interpreter information sources undertaking negotiations
worker, parole officer, translator, interpreter information sources undertaking negotiations
information sourcesundertaking negotiations
undertaking negotiations
The area of law may commercial law
The area of fair may
include: • criminal law
family law
industrial relations/employment law
property law
• tax law
succussion law
Requirements may • relevant Regional State/Federal legislation
relate to: • Governing legal practice legislation in each Federal or
Regional government
the client and a organization
the area of law
 schedule of fees and duties payable
tort, equity and legislation
relevant court rules
completion and filing of court documents
Courts and tribunals • Federal Court
may include: • State/Regional courts
City court
Family bench/division
Children's bench/division
Labour Relations board
Administrative Tribunals

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects	 A Organization's policies and procedures are understood and followed
	 Unclear instructions or missing information is checked with instructing legal practitioner
	Instructing is respected.
	 Roles and responsibilities of person's involved in matter are understood.
	Actions occur within agreed timelines
	 File/matter notes and relevant documentation are reviewed and understanding of matter is demonstrated
	 Documentation required at different stages of the legal process is identified
	The advantages and disadvantages of submitting and/or

Page 111 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	accepting a formal offer of compromise are understood and can be explained
	 Validity of offer of compromise in relation to dates of expiry is mention.
	Offers of compromise are composed and meet specified
	requirements.Any difficulties or irregularities are referred to the immediate
	boss for approval
	 Non-disclosable information is not communicated and where any doubt exists as to the information's status it is not disclosed.
	Meetings are conducted professionally and courteously
	 Relevant authority is informed of all bona-fide/good faith attempts to settle the matter out of court
	Client's questions and queries are answered in clear and simple language
	All activities, actions and outcomes are documented on file notes and time is recorded
	File/matter number is attached to all relevant documentation and such documentation is filed appropriately
	Record of times is processed for client/organization invoicing purposes
	Costings are accurate
	All work is conducted within accepted codes of conduct
	including those relating to: maintaining confidentiality, use of organizational property, duty of care, ethical behaviours, privacy, non-discriminatory practice, conflict of interests and compliance with reasonable direction
Underpinning	Relevant legal process and current legislation
Knowledge and Attitudes	Broad knowledge of general legal terminology and in-depth knowledge of terminology relating to litigation and the area of
	law
	Preparing offers of compromise
	Accepting offers of compromise Costing offers of compromise
	Costing offers of compromiseIndemnity insurance
	 Indemnity insurance legislation Duties of Care
Underpinning Skills	To use appropriate legislation and regulations relevant to
	common legal matters
	 To use workplace manuals and reference materials such as organizational policy, procedural manuals and checklists
	 To use list of relevant sources of certificates and sample application forms
	 To use background information on courts, their jurisdiction and behavioural requirements
	To use appropriate technology such as computers with relevant software
	To use appropriate texts and access to person's with expert

Page 112 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
-----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

	knowledge such as legal practitioners
Resource implications:	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	 Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of assessment:	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV	
Unit Title	Apply Civil and Criminal Procedure
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 12 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to apply in civil and criminal litigation. A range of legislation, rules and codes of practice may apply to this unit at the time of endorsement, depending on job roles and jurisdictions.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify laws and structures related to civil procedure	1.1 Jurisdictional limits of federal, regional state, courts and tribunals are identified in relation to dispute resolution.
to divil procedure	1.2 Legislation , regulations and policies relevant to civil and criminal procedure are sourced
	1.3The roles of <i>court personnel</i> are identified
Assess matter in dispute	2.1 Designated individual is liaised about the matter in dispute
dioputo	2.2 Relevant costing documents are prepared
	2.3 Options to litigation are identified and considered
3. Prepare and assist in litigation	3.1 The steps prior to litigation are determined
proceedings	3.2 Relevant documentation is obtained and prepared for designated person according to organisation's policies and procedures

Variable	Range
Legislation and	court rules
procedures may	 court's inherent power to control procedure
include:	 judicial interpretation of rules
	 organisation's policies and procedures
	 policies and procedures of relevant courts and tribunals
	 regulations of Federal, Regional state courts and tripunals
Court personnel	• judge
may include:	• notary
	Registrar.
Options to litigation	Mediation
may include:	 conciliation
	• arbitration
	 negotiation
	 Other practices for alternative dispute resolution.
Steps prior to	choice of court/Jurisdiction
litigation may	 choice of mode and place of trial
include:	issue of a writ/ sermons

Page 114 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

eletters before action means for serving an originating process nature of a cause of action types of originating process making statement of claim, defense, criminal charge and others Relevant documentation may include: Relevant documentation may include: Pusignated person may include: Designated person individual procedures individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include in discovery purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing		
nature of a cause of action types of originating process making statement of claim, defense, criminal charge and others counterclaims decumentation may include: fact sheets letters before action notes from interviews pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Designated person may include: Lawyer legal practitioner Immediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: laising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Legal obligations may include: Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization documents organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting oppo		
Relevant documentation may include: Relevant documentation may include: Designated person may include: Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Designated person may include: Organisation's policies and procedures Immediate boss. Order not mention here. Lawyer legal practitioner Immediate boss. Code of conduct procedures individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: I legal obligations involved in discovery purpose of first and second schedule in a court hearing why documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Eugal obligations may include: Listing and making available. Listing adocuments inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		
Relevant documentation may include: Relevant defense Fact sheets letters before action notes from interviews pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Puspose of iliaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Regal obligations involved in discovery legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: Regal obligations involved in pleading/charge. Regal privilege. Regal privilege. Regal privilege. Regal obligations involved in pleading/charge. Regal privilege. Regal privilege. Regal privilege. Regal obligations in		nature of a cause of action
Relevant documentation may include: Relevant documentation may include: Puspose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Puspose of discovery may include: Administrative tasks may include: Administrative tasks may include: Puspose of economic and process to client/organization and others for information or relevant documents or reviewing and amending list contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents er reviewing and amending list contacting paperism party ordine procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures individual procedures individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures individual pro		types of originating process
Relevant documentation may include: - counterclaims defense fact sheets letters before action notes from interviews pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Designated person may include: - Lawyer legal practitioner lmmediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: - information sources individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: - legal obligations may include: - legal obligations may include: - collating and making available. - Listing and making available. - Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. - Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: - collating discoverable documents - reviewing and amending list - contacting opposing party - making appointments		making statement of claim, defense, criminal charge and
documentation may include: - defense - fact sheets - letters before action - notes from interviews - pleadings subsequent to reply - statements of claim - writs/sermons - Other not mention here. Designated person may include: - legal practitioner - lmmediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: - individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources - liaising with opposing party - office procedural manual - protocol for accommodating specific client needs protocol for accommodating specific client needs protocol for accommodating specific client needs protocol for contacting clients - recording information - time-recording procedures - using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: - legal obligations involved in discovery - purpose of first and second schedule - which documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: - Listing and making available Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: - collating discoverable documents - organizing table of contents - contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents - reviewing and amending list - contacting opposing party - making appointments		others
include: - fact sheets - letters before action - notes from interviews - pleadings subsequent to reply - statements of claim - writs/sermons - Other not mention here. - Lawyer - legal practitioner - Immediate boss. Organisation's - porcedures may - procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner - information sources - liaising with opposing party - office procedural manual - protocol for accommodating specific client needs protocol for contacting clients - recording information - time-recording procedures - using checklists. Purpose of - discovery may - include: - protocol for accommodating specific client needs protocol for contacting clients - recording information - time-recording procedures - using checklists. - legal obligations involved in discovery - purpose of first and second schedule - which documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney - legal privilege. - explaining process to client/organization - Listing documents inspected but no longer in an - organization's possession Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative - tasks may include: - collating discoverable documents - organizing table of contents - contacting client/organization and others for information or - relevant documents - reviewing and amending list - contacting opposing party - making appointments	Relevant	counterclaims
letters before action notes from interviews pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Lawyer legal practitioner limediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery include	documentation may	defense
letters before action notes from interviews pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Lawyer legal practitioner Immediate boss. code of conduct procedures may include: liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. legal obligations may include: which documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: which documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments contacting opposing party making appointments making appointme	include:	fact sheets
notes from interviews pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Designated person may include: Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Immediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Immediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Idiasing with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Eegal obligations may include: Eegal obligations may include: I isting and making available. Eisting documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: Ortacting discoverable documents organization tasks may include: I contacting discoverable documents organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		
pleadings subsequent to reply statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Pesignated person may include: Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Immediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Immediate boss. Code of conduct procedures individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Iliaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Eegal obligations may include: Listing documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Listing and making available. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: organizing table of contents collating discoverable documents organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		
statements of claim writs/sermons Other not mention here. Lawyer legal practitioner lmmediate boss. Organisation's policies and procedures may include: liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Puspose of discovery may include: Puspose of discovery may include: Administrative tasks may include: Other not mention here. Lawyer legal practitioner other oconduct procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording procedures using checklists. legal obligations of tirst and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Explaining process to client/organization Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		
Designated person may include: Designated person may include: Designation's policies and procedures may include: Designation's policies and procedures may include: Dorganisation's policies and procedures may include: Dorganisation's policies and procedures may include: Dorganisation's policies and procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Dorganisation's policies and procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Dorganisation's procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Dorganisation's procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Dorganisation's procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Dorganisation sources Dorganisation's poscedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources Dorganisation's poscedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information and information sources Dorganisation's poscedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information and information and information information information information and others for information or relevant documents Dorganisation's poscession. Dorgan		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Designated person may include: Designated person may include: Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Immediate boss. Code of conduct procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Degal obligations may include: Degal obligations may include: Administrative tasks may include: Other not mention here. Lawyer legal practitioner Immediate boss. Code of conduct Procedures Individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information of time-recording protocol for contacting clients Purpose of discovery may include: Degal obligations information involved in discovery Purpose of first and second schedule Which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Listing and making available. Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: Collating discoverable documents Organizing table of contents Contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents Purpose of first and second schedule Note the procedures Description in process to client/organization Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Collating discoverable documents Contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents Purpose of first and second schedule Description in process to client/organization Description in process		
Designated person may include: legal practitioner legal practitioner lmmediate boss.		
may include: legal practitioner Immediate boss.	Decimated nerses	
Organisation's policies and procedures may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Administrative tasks may include: Organisation's possession. Administrative tasks may include: Purpose of contacting clients or contacting client needs. Purpose of discovery may or contacting clients or contacting clients or contacting client/organization or contacting client/organization or relevant documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: Organizing table of contents or contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents or reviewing and amending list or contacting opposing party or making appointments		
Organisation's policies and procedures may include: • code of conduct • procedures • individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources • liaising with opposing party • office procedural manual • protocol for contacting clients • recording information • time-recording procedures • using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: • legal obligations involved in discovery • purpose of first and second schedule • which documents can be included in a court hearing • why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: • explaining process to client/organization • Listing and making available. • Listing adocuments inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. • Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: • collating discoverable documents • reviewing and amending list • contacting opposing party • making appointments	may include:	
policies and procedures may include: • procedures sindividual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources • liaising with opposing party • office procedural manual • protocol for accommodating specific client needs. • protocol for contacting clients • recording information • time-recording procedures • using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: • legal obligations involved in discovery • purpose of first and second schedule • which documents can be included in a court hearing • why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: • Explaining process to client/organization • Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. • Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: • collating discoverable documents • organizing table of contents • contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents • reviewing and amending list • contacting opposing party • making appointments		
include: - individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner information sources - liaising with opposing party - office procedural manual - protocol for accommodating specific client needs protocol for contacting clients - recording information - time-recording procedures - using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: - legal obligations why documents can be included in a court hearing - why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: - explaining process to client/organization - Listing and making available Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. - collating discoverable documents - organizing table of contents - contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents - reviewing and amending list - contacting opposing party - making appointments	_	
include: information sources liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of of discovery may include: Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be included in a court hearing Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing Purpose of first and second schedule Pur	1 -	• procedures
liaising with opposing party office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: legal obligations involved in discovery purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: explaining process to client/organization Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		
office procedural manual protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include in discovery Purpose of first and second schedule Purpose of first and second schedul	include:	information sources
protocol for accommodating specific client needs. protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include in discovery Purpose of first and second schedule Which documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of discovery may include in discovery Purpose of first and second schedule in a court hearing why documents included in a court hearing which discovery may include in discovery dealing discovery discovery may include in discovery discovery dealing discovery may include in discovery discovery discovery discovery may include in discovery dealing discovery discove		liaising with opposing party
protocol for contacting clients recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of first and second schedule Which documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule Which documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule Which documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents can be included in a court hearing Why documents involved in pleading/charge. Clisting documents involved in pleading/charge. Collating discoverable documents Collating discoverabl		office procedural manual
recording information time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Legal obligations may include: Legal obligations may include: Administrative tasks may include: - reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party - recording procedures - using checklists. - legal obligations involved in discovery - purpose of first and second schedule - which documents can be included in a court hearing - why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. - explaining process to client/organization - Listing and making available Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession Listing documents involved in pleading/charge collating discoverable documents - contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents - reviewing and amending list - contacting opposing party - making appointments		 protocol for accommodating specific client needs.
 time-recording procedures using checklists. Purpose of discovery may include: Legal obligations involved in discovery purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. explaining process to client/organization Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: collating discoverable documents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		protocol for contacting clients
Purpose of discovery may include: Purpose of discovery may include: Legal obligations why documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documenty legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule courters or client/organization? Attorney legal privilege. Purpose of first and second schedule court hearing court hearing court hearing court hearing and amending list contacting discoverable documents or reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		recording information
Purpose of discovery may include: • legal obligations involved in discovery • purpose of first and second schedule • which documents can be included in a court hearing • why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: • explaining process to client/organization • Listing and making available. • Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. • Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: • collating discoverable documents • organizing table of contents • contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents • reviewing and amending list • contacting opposing party • making appointments		time-recording procedures
 discovery may include: purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: explaining process to client/organization Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		using checklists.
 discovery may include: purpose of first and second schedule which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: explaining process to client/organization Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 	Purpose of	legal obligations involved in discovery
 which documents can be included in a court hearing why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: explaining process to client/organization Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		
 why documents can be reserved for client-solicitor/attorney legal privilege. Legal obligations may include: Eisting and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		
Legal obligations may include: • explaining process to client/organization • Listing and making available. • Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. • Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: • collating discoverable documents • organizing table of contents • contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents • reviewing and amending list • contacting opposing party • making appointments		_
 Legal obligations may include: Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 Listing and making available. Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 	Legal obligations	
 Listing documents inspected but no longer in an organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: collating discoverable documents organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		
organization's possession. Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. collating discoverable documents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments	,	
Listing documents involved in pleading/charge. Administrative tasks may include: organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments		
Administrative tasks may include: • collating discoverable documents • organizing table of contents • contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents • reviewing and amending list • contacting opposing party • making appointments		·
 organizing table of contents contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 	Administrative	
 contacting client/organization and others for information or relevant documents reviewing and amending list contacting opposing party making appointments 		
relevant documents • reviewing and amending list • contacting opposing party • making appointments	lacito may morado.	
reviewing and amending listcontacting opposing partymaking appointments		
contacting opposing partymaking appointments		
 making appointments 		
□ Inspecting opposing party's discoverable documents		
		inspecting opposing party's discoverable documents

Page 115 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
-----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Evidence of the ability to:
Competence	Apply knowledge of civil and criminal procedure to relevant legal matters
	 Apply knowledge of alternative dispute resolution, purpose of discovery, discovery process and associated legal obligations in a manner that conforms to workplace expectations Prepare accurate, compliant and complete document lists according to standard legislative procedures and organization's policies and procedures.
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	Limitations of job role as determined by relevant jurisdictions relevant court processes, current legislation, legal processes and required documentation as they relate to civil and criminal procedure
	 organisation's required policies and procedures for the full range of tasks covered
	 legal terminology, including that specific to civil and criminal procedure
	Civil and criminal procedure as applicable to the scope of workplace responsibilities
	 accepted codes of practice relevant to the workplace, including those relating to:
	privacy and confidentiality
	use of organization property
	b duty of care
	> ethical behaviour
	 non-discriminatory practice conflict of interest
	conflict of interestcompliance with reasonable direction
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	communication skills to:
	Give and interpret legal instructions
	Obtain personal information from clients/organization
	Explain legal procedures to clients/organization Literacy skills to:
	Literacy skills to:Follow complex legal procedures related to civil criminal law
	complete relevant documentation
	Edit and proofread documentation for accuracy and consistency of information
	Research skills to:
	 Locate necessary information from external sources.
	 Identify and evaluate status of information interpersonal skills to participate in meetings between opposing parties in a legal matter.
	Organizational skills to:
	make arrangements for meetings

Page 116 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	 receive and dispatch documents technology skills to operate office equipment and common software packages
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Legal Service Operation Level IV	
Unit Title	Apply Legal Principles in Criminal Law Matters
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 13 0812
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to apply legal principles and carry out administrative tasks associated with criminal law matters. A range of legislation, rules and codes of practice may apply to this unit at the time of endorsement, depending on job roles and jurisdictions.

Element	Performance Criteria
Identify laws related to criminal law	1.1 Legislation and policies relevant to criminal law are sourced
	1.2Legal principles are interpreted as they apply to criminal law matters
Enhance professional practice through application of	2.1 Different criminal matters, defenses, types of hearings, criminal jurisdictions and types of courts are identified and relationships between them explained
relevant principles of criminal law	2.2 Call from <i>client</i> or police is received and details of client charge and bail status are communicated to legal practitioner
3. Draft and process documents involved in criminal law	3.1 Letters and other documents for legal practitioner are prepared for review and sign-off according to organization's policies and procedures
matters	3.2Types of costs are determined in accordance with legislative and regulatory requirements for costing legal services
	3.3 Ensure documents are <i>dispatched</i> according to instructions
	3.4 The parties are communicated
	3.5 Files, noting critical dates and reminders are maintained

Variable	Range
Legislation, regulations and policies may include:	 criminal law government regulations and policies relating to criminal law matters Relevant Federal and regional state legislation.
Different criminal matters may relate to:	 assault homicide murder property offences, including theft Unlawful sexual intercourse.

Page 118 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	And other crimes not mentioned here.
Defences may	Automatism
relate to:	Denial
Tolato to.	5
	Ignorance of the law
	• Infancy
	• insanity
	• Intoxication
	Mistake of fact
	Necessity
-	Self-defense and other not mentioned here
Types of hearings	With presence or
may include:	Absence of defendant
Jurisdiction over	Federal Government
criminal matters	Regional State Government
may include	Negional State Government
variances between:	
Courts in which	Federal
criminal cases are	Regional State
heard:	
Client may include:	Defendant
	Prosecutor
	• victim
Documents may	account
include:	adjournment letters
	affidavits
	artifacts/ornament
	briefs
	clinical reports
	 confirming/reporting letter to client outlining results of court
	hearing
	court forms
	court reminder letters
	expert reports
	hospital discharge summaries
	• letters
	medical reports
	 photographs
	pleading documents
	 records of prior convictions
	summary of matter
	• videos
	witness statements
	Summon.
Organisation's	engaging lawyers
policies and	engaging experts

Page 119 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
-----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

		individual procedures adopted by instructing legal practitioner
include:	•	protocol for accommodating specific client needs, e.g. social
		worker or parole officer
	•	protocol for contacting clients, e.g. translator or interpreter
	•	recording information
	•	security, confidentiality and privacy procedures
	•	verifying and authorizing information
Documents may be	•	client
despatched to the	•	court
following:	•	Public Prosecutions
	•	government organization
	•	opposing party
	•	opposing party's legal representative
	•	police
	•	service agency

-				
Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspect	s of	 Evidence of the ability to: prepare appropriate documentation and information according to organisation's policies and procedures and provide to clients at the appropriate time treat clients in a sensitive, discreet and professional manner conduct work within accepted codes of conduct, including those relating to maintaining confidentiality, use of organization property, duty of care, ethical behaviours, privacy, non-discriminatory practice, conflict of interests and compliance with reasonable direction demonstrate knowledge of criminal law as applicable to the scope of workplace responsibilities. 		
Scope of workplace red Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes • scope of job role in the practice in relevant jue • relevant court process and required docume • organisation's require range of tasks covere • legal terminology, incest of tasks covered to the process and required docume • organisation's require range of tasks covered to tasks cove		s knowledge of: ob role in the context of legislation an relevant jurisdictions ourt processes, current legislation, leged documentation on'srequired policies and procedure asks covered inology, including that specific to cristal as applicable to the scope of workilities codes of practice relevant to the working the relating to: y and confidentiality organization property f care	egal processes s for the full minal law kplace	
Page 120 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012

Underpinning Skills	 compliance with reasonable direction legislative requirements, which may relate to: client and organization criminal law relevant Federal and Regional state legislation schedules of fees and duties payable tort, equity trust accounts Demonstrates skills to: give and interpret instructions clarify discussions provide required information literacy skills to: follow complex legal procedures complete documentation summarise cases 		
	edit and proofread documentation for accuracy and consistency of information		
	 research skills to: locate necessary information from external sources identify and evaluate status of information 		
	 organisational skills to make arrangements and appointments technology skills to: operate office equipment 		
	use a range of common software packages		
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,		
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:		
Assessment	Interview / Written Test / Oral Questioning		
	Observation / Demonstration		
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated		
Assessment	work place setting		

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV			
Unit Title	Plan and Organize Work		
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 14 0812		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills and attitude required in planning and organizing work activities in a production application. It may be applied to a small independent operation or to a section of a large organization.		

Elements	Performance Criteria
1. Set objectives	1.1 Objectives are planned consistent with and linked to work activities in accordance with organizational aims.
	1.2 Objectives are stated as measurable targets with clear time frames.
	1.3 Support and commitment of team members are reflected in the objectives.
	1.4 Realistic and attainable objectives are identified.
Plan and schedule work	2.1 Tasks/work activities to be completed are identified and prioritized as directed.
activities	2.2 Tasks/work activities are broken down into steps in accordance with set time frames and achievable components.
	2.3 Task/work activities are assigned to appropriate team or individuals in accordance with agreed functions.
	2.4 Resources are allocated as per requirements of the activity.
	2.5 Schedule of work activities is coordinated with personnel concerned.
Implement work plans	3.1 Work methods and practices are identified in consultation with personnel concerned.
	3.2 Work plans are implemented in accordance with set time frames, resources and standards .
Monitor work activities	4.1 Work activities are monitored and compared with set objectives.
	4.2 Work performance is monitored.
	4.3 Deviations from work activities are reported and recommendations are coordinated with appropriate personnel and in accordance with set standards.
	4.4 Reporting requirements are complied with in accordance with recommended format.
	4.5 Timeliness of report is observed.
	4.6 Files are established and maintained in accordance with standard operating procedures.

Page 122 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

5. Review and evaluate work	5.1	Work plans, strategies and implementation are reviewed based on accurate, relevant and current information.
plans and activities	5.2	Review is done based on comprehensive consultation with appropriate personnel on outcomes of work plans and reliable feedback.
	5.3	Results of review are provided to concerned parties and formed as the basis for adjustments/simplifications to be made to policies, processes and activities.
	5.4	Performance appraisal is conducted in accordance with organization rules and regulations.
	5.5	Performance appraisal report is prepared and documented regularly as per organization requirements.
	5.6	Recommendations are prepared and presented to appropriate personnel/authorities.
	5.7	Feedback mechanisms are implemented in line with organization policies.

Variable	Range
Objectives	May include but not limited to:
	Specific
	General
Resources	May include but not limited to:
	Personnel
	Equipment and technology
	Services
	Supplies and materials
	Sources for accessing specialist advice
	Budget
Schedule of work	May include but not limited to:
activities	Daily
	Work-based
	Contractual
	Regular
Work methods and	May include but not limited to:
practices	Legislated regulations and codes of practice
	Industry regulations and codes of practice
	Occupational health and safety practices
Work plans	May include but not limited to:
	Daily work plans
	Project plans
	Program plans
	Resource plans
	Skills development plans
	Management strategies and objectives
Standards	May include but not limited to:
	Performance targets

Page 123 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	 Performance management and evaluation systems Occupational standards Employment contracts Client contracts Discipline procedures Workplace assessment guidelines Internal quality assurance Internal and external accountability and auditing requirements Training Regulation Standards Safety Standards 			
Appropriate personnel/ authorities	 May include but not limited to: Appropriate personnel include: Management 			
authornics	ManagementLine Staff			
Feedback	May include but not limited to:			
mechanisms	Verbal feedbackInformal feedback			
	Formal feedback			
	Questionnaire			
	• Survey			
	Group discussion			

Evidence Gui	Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of Competence			es		
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes Demonstrates knowledge of: organization's strategic plan, policies rules and regulation laws and objectives for work unit activities and priorities organizations policies, strategic plans, guidelines related to role of the work unit team work and consultation strategies			priorities		
Underpinning Skills Demonstrates skill to: plan lead organize coordinate communicate inter-and intra-person/motivation skills present					
Resource Implications Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situation including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.			nd to		
Page 124 of 144	age 124 of 144 Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Migrate to New Technology	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 15 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit defines the competence required to apply skills and knowledge in using new or upgraded technology. The rationale behind this unit emphasizes the importance of constantly reviewing work processes, skills and techniques in order to ensure that the quality of the entire business process is maintained at the highest level possible through the appropriate application of new technology. To this end, the person is typically engaged in on-going review and research in order to discover and apply new technology or techniques to improve aspects of the organization's activities.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
Apply existing knowledge and	1.1	Situations are identified where existing knowledge can be used as the basis for developing new skills.	
techniques to technology and transfer	1.2	New or upgraded technology skills are acquired and used to enhance learning.	
transier	1.3	New or upgraded equipment are identified, classified and used where appropriate, for the benefit of the organization.	
2. Apply functions of technology to	2.1	Testing of new or upgraded equipment is conducted according to the specification manual.	
assist in solving organizational problems	2.2	Features of new or upgraded equipment are applied within the organization	
problems	2.3	Features and functions of new or upgraded equipment are used for solving organizational problems	
	2.4	Sources of information relating to new or upgraded equipment are accessed and used	
3. Evaluate new or upgraded	3.1	New or upgraded equipment is evaluated for performance, usability and against OHS standards.	
technology performance	3.2	Environmental considerations are determined from new or upgraded equipment.	
	3.3	Feedback is sought from users where appropriate.	

Variables		Range			
Considerations		 May include but is not limited to: recycling, safe disposal of packaging (e.g. cardboard, polystyrene, paper, plastic) and correct disposal of waste materials by an authorized body 			
Feedback May include to		May include b	out is not limited to:		
Page 126 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

• surveys,
• questionnaires,
 interviews and meetings.

Evidence Guide	Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of Competence	Competence must confirm the ability to transfer the application of existing skills and knowledge to new technology				
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrate knowledge of: Broad awareness of current technology trends and directions in the industry (e.g. systems/procedures, services, new developments, new protocols) Knowledge of vendor product directions Ability to locate appropriate sources of information regarding metal manufacturing and new technologies Current industry products/services, procedures and techniques with knowledge of general features Information gathering techniques 				
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrate skills of: Research skills for identifying broad features of new technologies Ability to assist in the decision making process Literacy skills in regard to interpretation of technical manuals Ability to solve known problems in a variety of situations and locations Evaluate and apply new technology to assist in solving organizational problems General analytical skills in relation to known problems 				
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.				
Methods of Assessment	 Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning 				
Context of Assessment Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.					

Page 127 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV			
Unit Title	Establish Quality Standards		
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 16 0812		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes required to establish quality specifications for work outcomes and work performance. It includes monitoring and participation in maintaining and improving quality, identifying critical control points in the production of quality output and assisting in planning and implementing of quality assurance procedures.		

Elements		Perf	formance Criteria
1.	Establish quality specifications	1.1	Market specifications are sourced and legislated requirements identified.
	for product	1.2	Quality specifications are developed and agreed upon
		1.3	Quality specifications are documented and introduced to organization staff / personnel in accordance with the organization policy
		1.4	Quality specifications are updated when necessary
2.	Identify hazards	2.1.	Critical control points impacting on quality are identified.
	and critical control points	2.2.	Degree of risk for each hazard is determined.
	oona or pointo	2.3.	Necessary documentation is accomplished in accordance with organization quality procedures
3.	Assist in planning of	3.1	Procedures for each identified control point are developed to ensure optimum quality.
	quality assurance procedures	3.2	Hazards and risks are minimized through application of appropriate controls.
	procedures		Processes are developed to monitor the effectiveness of quality assurance procedures.
4.	Implement quality	4.1	Responsibilities for carrying out procedures are allocated to staff and contractors.
	assurance procedures		Instructions are prepared in accordance with the enterprise's quality assurance program.
			Staff and contractors are given induction training on the quality assurance policy.
		4.4	Staff and contractors are given in-service training relevant to their allocated <i>safety procedures</i> .
5.	Monitor quality	5.1	Quality requirements are identified
	of work outcome		Inputs are inspected to confirm capability to meet quality requirements

Page 128 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

		5.3	Work is conducted to produce required outcomes
			Work processes are monitored to confirm quality of output and/or service
		5.5	Processes are adjusted to maintain outputs within specification.
6.	Participate in maintaining and	6.1	Work area, materials, processes and product are routinely monitored to ensure compliance with quality requirements
	improving quality at work	6.2	Non-conformance in inputs, process, product and/or service is identified and reported according to workplace reporting requirements
		6.3	Corrective action is taken within level of responsibility, to maintain quality standards
		6.4	Quality issues are raised with designated personnel
7.	Report problems that affect quality	7.1	Potential or existing quality problems are recognized.
		7.2	Instances of variation in quality are identified from specifications or work instructions.
		7.3	Variation and potential problems are reported to supervisor/manager according to enterprise guidelines.

Variable	Range
Sourced	May include but is not limited to:
	End-users
	Customers or stakeholders
Legislated	May include but is not limited to:
requirements	 Verification of product quality as part of consumer legislation or specific legislation related to product content or composition.
Safety procedures.	May include but is not limited to:
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Use of tools and equipment for fabrication/production/
	manufacturing works
	Workplace environment and handling of material safety,
	 Following occupational health and safety procedures designated for the task
	 Respect the policies, regulations, legislations, rule and procedures for manufacturing/production/fabrication works

Page 129 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspect of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: Monitored quality of work Established quality specifications for product Participated in maintaining and improving quality at work Identified hazards and critical control points in the production of quality product Assisted in planning of quality assurance procedures Reported problems that affect quality Implemented quality assurance procedures
Underpinning Knowledge	 Demonstrates knowledge of: work and product quality specifications quality policies and procedures improving quality at work hazards and critical points of operation obtaining and using information applying federal and regional legislation within day-today work activities accessing and using management systems to keep and maintain accurate records requirements for correct preparation and operation technical writing
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: monitor quality of work establish quality specifications for product participate in maintaining and improving quality at work identify hazards and critical control points in the production of quality product assist in planning of quality assurance procedures report problems that affect quality implement quality assurance procedures
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 130 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright	Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	
-----------------	------------------------------------	---	--------------------------	--

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Develop Individuals and Team	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 17 0812	
Unit Descriptor This unit covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes require determine individual and team development needs and facilithe development of the workgroup.		

Elements		Performance Criteria			
	Provide team leadership 1		g and development needs are syst I and implemented in line with organ ments	_	
	1	•	plan to meet individual and group tr nental needs is collaboratively devel nted	•	
	1		als are encouraged to self-evaluate pareas for improvement	performance and	
	1		ck on performance of team member evant sources and compared with es process		
Foster individual and organizational		identified	Learning and development program goals and objectives are identified to match the specific knowledge and skills requirements of Competence standards		
growth		learning	g delivery methods are made apprograms, the learning style of participality of equipment and resources	-	
		assistan	ce learning opportunities and coachi ce are provided to facilitate individua nent of competencies	0	
			es and timelines required for learning I and approved in accordance with opents	_	
3. Monitor and evaluate			k from individuals or teams is used t nt improvements in future learning a	-	
workplace learning		assesse	es and performance of individuals/tead d and recorded to determine the effe ment programs and the extent of add	ectiveness of	
			tions to learning plans are negotiated y and effectiveness of learning	d to improve the	
			and reports of competence are main tional requirement	ntained within	
4. Develop to commitme		•	mmunication processes to obtain an on is used by team	d share	
and cooperation		4.2 Decision	s are reached by the team in accord	ance with its	
Ministry of Education Logal Services Operation Version 2				Version 2 August 2012	

	agreed roles and responsibilities 4.3 Mutual concern and camaraderie are developed in the team
5. Facilitate accomplishme nt of organizational goals	 5.1 Team members are actively participated in team activities and communication processes 5.2 Individual and joint responsibility is developed by teams members for their actions 5.3 Collaborative efforts are sustained to attain organizational goals

Variable	Range
Learning and	May include but is not limited to:
development	Coaching, monitoring and/or supervision
needs	Formal/informal learning program
	Internal/external training provision
	Work experience/exchange/opportunities
	Personal study
	Career planning/development
	Performance evaluation
	Workplace skills assessment
	Recognition of prior learning
Organizational	May include but is not limited to:
requirements	Quality assurance and/or procedures manuals
	Goals, objectives, plans, systems and processes
	Legal and organizational policy/guidelines and requirements
	Safety policies, procedures and programs
	Confidentiality and security requirements
	Business and performance plans
	Ethical standards
	 Quality and continuous improvement processes and standards
Feedback on	May include but is not limited to:
performance	Formal/informal performance evaluation
portormanoo	Obtaining feedback from supervisors and colleagues
	Obtaining feedback from clients
	Personal and reflective behavior strategies
	Routine and organizational methods for monitoring service
	delivery
Learning delivery	May include but is not limited to:
methods	On the job coaching or monitoring
	Problem solving
	Presentation/demonstration
	Formal course participation
	Work experience and involvement in professional networks
	Conference and seminar attendance

Page 132 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: • identified and implemented learning opportunities for others • gave and received feedback constructively • facilitated participation of individuals in the work of the team • negotiated plans to improve the effectiveness of learning • prepared learning plans to match skill needs • accessed and designated learning opportunities
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitude	 Demonstrates knowledge of: coaching and monitoring principles understanding how to work effectively with team members who have diverse work styles, aspirations, cultures and perspective understanding how to facilitate team development and improvement understanding methods and techniques to obtain and interpreting feedback understanding methods for identifying and prioritizing personal development opportunities and options knowledge of career paths and competence standards in the industry
Underpinning Skills	 Pemonstrates skills to: read and understand a variety of texts, preparing general information and documents according to target audience; spell with accuracy; use grammar and punctuation effective relationships and conflict management communicate including receiving feedback and reporting, maintaining effective relationships and conflict management plan and organize required resources and equipment to meet learning needs coach and mentor skills to provide support to colleagues report to organize information; assess information for relevance and accuracy; identify and elaborate on learning outcomes facilitate and conduct small group training sessions relate to people from a range of social, cultural, physical and mental backgrounds
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 133 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Utilize Specialized Communication Skills	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 18 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes required to use specialized communication skills to meet specific needs of internal and external clients, conduct interviews, facilitate group discussions, and contribute to the development of communication strategies.	

Ele	ements	Performance Criteria
1.	Meet common and specific communication needs of clients and colleagues	 1.1 Specific communication needs of clients and colleagues are identified and met 1.2 Different approaches are used to meet communication needs of clients and colleagues 1.3 Conflict is addressed promptly and in a timely way and in a manner which does not compromise the standing of the organization
2.	Contribute to the development of communication strategies	 2.1 Strategies for internal and external dissemination of information are developed, promoted, implemented and reviewed as required 2.2 Channels of communication are established and reviewed regularly 2.3 Coaching in effective communication is provided 2.4 Work related network and relationship are maintained as necessary 2.5 Negotiation and conflict resolution strategies are used where required 2.6 Communication with clients and colleagues is appropriate to individual needs and organizational objectives
3.	Represent the organization	 When participating in internal or external fora, presentation is relevant, appropriately researched and presented in a manner to promote the organization Presentation is made clear and sequential and delivered within a predetermined time Appropriate media is utilized to enhance presentation Differences in views are respected Written communication is made consistent with organizational standards Inquiries are responded in a manner consistent with organizational standard

Page 134 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

4.	Facilitate group discussion	4.1	Mechanisms which enhance <i>effective group interaction</i> are defined and implemented
		4.2	Strategies which encourage all group members to participate are used routinely
		4.3	Objectives and agenda are routinely set and followed for meetings and discussions
		4.4	Relevant information are provided to group to facilitate outcomes
		4.5	Evaluation of group communication strategies is undertaken to promote participation of all parties
		4.6	Specific communication needs of individuals are identified and addressed
5.	Conduct interview	5.1	A range of appropriate communication strategies are employed in <i>interview situations</i>
		5.2	Different <i>types of interview</i> is conducted in accordance with the organizational procedures
		5.3	Records of interviews are made and maintained in accordance with organizational procedures
		5.4	Effective questioning, listening and nonverbal communication techniques are used to ensure that required message is communicated

Variable	Range
Strategies	May include but is not limited to:
g	Recognizing own limitations
	Utilizing techniques and aids
	Providing written drafts
	Verbal and non verbal communication
Effective group	May include but is not limited to:
interaction	Identifying and evaluating what is occurring within an
	interaction in a non-judgmental way
	Using active listening
	Making decision about appropriate words, behavior
	Putting together response which is culturally appropriate
	Expressing an individual perspective
	Expressing own philosophy, ideology and background and
	exploring impact with relevance to communication
Interview situations	May include but is not limited to:
	Establish rapport
	obtain facts and information
	Facilitate resolution of issues
	Develop action plans
	Diffuse potentially difficult situation
Types of Interview	May include but is not limited to:
71	Related to staff issues

Page 135 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Routine
Confidential
Evidential
Non-disclosure
Disclosure

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: Demonstrated effective communication skills with clients and work colleagues accessing service Adopted relevant communication techniques and strategies to meet client particular needs and difficulties 		
Underpinning Knowledge and Values	 Demonstrates knowledge of: communication process dynamics of groups and different styles of group leadership communication skills relevant to client groups 		
Underpinning Skills	 full range of communication techniques including: active listening feedback interpretation role boundaries setting negotiation establishing empathy communication strategies communicate to fulfill job roles as specified by the organization 		
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning		
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.		

Page 136 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV		
Unit Title	Manage and Maintain Small/Medium Business Operations	
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 19 0812	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the operation of day-to-day business activities in a micro or small business. The strategies involve developing, monitoring and managing work activities and financial information, developing effective work habits, and adjusting work schedules as needed.	

Ele	ements	Performance Criteria		
1.	Identify daily work requirements		Work requirements are identified for a given time period by taking into consideration <i>resources</i> and constraints	
			Work activities are prioritized based on business needs, requirements and deadlines	
		1.3	If appropriate, work is allocated to relevant staff or contractors to optimize efficiency	
2.	Monitor and manage work	2.1	People, resources and/or equipment are coordinated to provide optimum results	
		2.2	Staff, clients and/or contractors are communicated within a clear and regular manner, to monitor work in relation to business goals or timelines	
		2.3	Problem solving techniques are applied to work situations to overcome difficulties and achieve positive outcomes	
3.	3. Develop effective work habits		Work and personal priorities are identified and a balance is achieved between competing priorities using appropriate time management strategies	
		3.2	Input from <i>internal and external sources</i> is sought and used to develop and refine new ideas and approaches	
		3.3	Business or inquiries is/are responded to promptly and effectively	
		3.4	Information is presented in a format appropriate to the industry and audience	
4.	Interpret	4.1	Relevant documents and reports are identified	
	financial information		Documents and reports are read and understood and any implications discussed with appropriate persons	
		4.3	Data and numerical calculations are analyzed, checked, evaluated, organized and reconciled	
		4.4	Daily financial records and cash flow are maintained correctly and in accordance with legal and accounting requirements	

Page 137 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

		4.5	Invoices and payments are prepared and distributed in a timely manner and in accordance with legal requirements	
		4.6	Outstanding accounts are collected or followed-up on	
5.	Evaluate work performance	5.1	Opportunities for improvements are monitored according to business demands	
		5.2	Work schedules are adjusted to incorporate necessary modifications to existing work and routines or changing needs and requirements	
		5.3	Proposed changes are clearly communicated and recorded to aid in future planning and evaluation	
		5.4	Relevant codes of practice are used to guide an ethical approach to workplace practices and decisions	

Variable	Range
Resources	May include but is not limited to: • staff
	moneytime
	equipment
	• space
Business goals	May include but is not limited to:
	sales targets
	budgetary targets
	team and individual goals
	production targets
Problem colving	 reporting deadlines May include but is not limited to:
Problem solving techniques	 gaining additional research and information to make better informed decisions
	 looking for patterns
	 considering related problems or those from the past and how they were handled
	eliminating possibilities
	identifying and attempting sub-tasks
	 collaborating and asking for advice or help from additional sources
Time	May include but is not limited to:
management	prioritizing and anticipating
strategies	short term and long term planning and scheduling
	creating a positive and organized work environment
	 clear timelines and goal setting that is regularly reviewed and adjusted as necessary
	 breaking large tasks into smaller tasks
	 getting additional support if identified and necessary
Internal and	May include but is not limited to:
external sources	staff and colleagues

Page 138 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

 management, supervisors, advisors or head office
 relevant professionals such as lawyers, accountants,
management consultants
professional associations

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	 A person must be able to demonstrate: ability to identify daily work requirements and allocate work appropriately ability to interpret financial documents in accordance with legal requirements
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrate knowledge of: Federal and Local Government legislative requirements affecting business operations, especially in regard to occupational health and safety (OHS), equal employment opportunity, industrial relations and anti-discrimination technical or specialist skills relevant to the business operation relevant industry code of practice planning techniques to establish realistic timelines and priorities identification of relevant performance measures quality assurance principles and methods relevant marketing, management, sales and financial concepts methods for monitoring performance and implementing improvements structured approaches to problem solving, idea management and time management
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrate skills to: interpret legal requirements, company policies and procedures and immediate, day-to-day demands communicate using questioning, clarifying, reporting, and giving and receiving constructive feedback numeracy skills for performance information, setting targets and interpreting financial documents and reports technical and analytical skills to interpret business document, reports and financial statements and projections relate to people from a range of social, cultural and ethnic backgrounds and physical and mental abilities solve problem and develop contingency plans using computers and software packages to record and manage data and to produce reports evaluate using assessment work and outcomes observe for identifying appropriate people, resources and to monitor work
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information
Methods of	on workplace practices and OHS practices. Competence may be assessed through:

Page 139 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Legal Services Operation Level IV			
Unit Title	Apply Problem Solving Techniques and Tools		
Unit Code	EIS LSO4 20 1012		
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competency covers the knowledge, skills and attitude required to apply scientific problem solving techniques and tools to enhance quality, productivity and other kaizen elements on continual basis.		

Elements	Performance criteria					
Identify and select theme/problem.		1.1	-	y requirements are followed in accordance and procedures.	ordance with	
		1.2	eleme	ssible problems related to the proce ints are listed using statistical tools iques .		
		1.3	•	ssible problems related to kaizen ele ied and listed on Visual Manageme		
		1.4	Probl and a	ems are classified based on obvious ction.	sness of cause	
		1.5	Poten	al factors like the number of custome tials for bottlenecks, and number of is selected.		
			Problems related to priorities of <i>Kaizen Elements</i> are given due emphasis and selected.			
2. Grasp curr		2.1	The ex	xtent of the problem is defined.		
goal.	status and set goal.		Appro	priate and achievable goal is set.		
3. Establish activ	ctivity	3.1	The p	roblem is confirmed.		
plan.		3.2	-	priority problem is selected.		
		3.3	•	xtent of the problem is defined.		
		3.4	Activit	y plan is established as per 5W1H .		
4. Analyze ca		4.1	All pos	ssible causes of a problem are listed	d.	
a problem.		4.2	Cause	e relationships are analyzed using 41	И1 Е .	
		4.3	Cause	es of the problems are identified.		
		4.4	Root	causes are selected.		
		4.5		oot cause which is most directly relarm is selected.	ted to the	
				ssible ways are listed using <i>creative</i> ration to eliminate the most critical r		
				uggested solutions are carefully test ated for potential complications.	ed and	
Page 141 of 144	Ministry (of Edu pyrigh		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012	

		4.8	Detailed summaries of the action plan are prepared to implement the suggested solution.
5.	5. Examine countermeasures and their	5.1 5.2	Action plan is implemented by <i>medium KPT</i> members. Implementation is monitored according to the agreed procedure and activities are checked with preset plan.
6.	implementation. Assess effectiveness of	6.1	Tangible and intangible results are identified.
	the solution.	6.2	The results are verified over time.
		6.3	Tangible results are compared with targets using <i>various types of diagram</i> .
7.	Standardize and sustain operation.	7.1	If the goal is achieved, the new procedures are standardized and made part of daily activities.
		7.2	All employees are trained on the new Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) .
		7.3	SOP is verified and followed by all employees.
		7.4	The next problem is selected to be tackled by the team.

Variables		Range				
Safety require	ments	 may include but not limited to: OHS requirements include legislation, material safety, managements system, hazardous substances and dangerous goods code and local safe operating procedures Work is carried out in accordance with legislative obligations, environmental legislations, relevant health regulation, manual handling procedure and organization 				
Statistical tools and techniques		insurance requirements may include but not limited to: • 7 QC tools may include: • Stratification • Pareto Diagram • Cause and Effect Diagram • Check Sheet • Control Chart/Graph • Histogram • Scatter Diagram • QC techniques may include: • Brain storming • Why analysis • What if analysis				
Kaizen Elements		may include but not limited to: Quality Cost Productivity Delivery Safety				
Page 142 of 144	Ministry of Education Copyright		Legal Services Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 2 August 2012		

	Moral				
5W1H	Gender equality may include but not limited to:				
					
	Who: person in charge Why a chieffing				
	Why: objective What item to be implemented.				
	What: item to be implemented What: item to be implemented				
	Where: location				
48445	When: time frame and How: method				
4M1E	may include but not limited to:				
	• Man				
	Machine				
	Method				
	Material and Environment				
Creative idea	may include but not limited to:				
generation	Brainstorming				
	 Exploring and examining ideas in varied ways 				
	Elaborating and extrapolating				
	Conceptualizing				
Medium KPT	may include but not limited to:				
	• 5S				
	 4M (machine, method, material and man) 				
	 4P (Policy, procedures, People and Plant) 				
	PDCA cycle				
	Basics of IE tools and techniques				
Tangible and	may include but not limited to:				
intangibleresults	Tangible result may include:				
	Quantifiable data				
	Intangible result may include:				
	Qualitative data				
Various types of	may include but not limited to:				
diagram	Line graph				
	Bar graph				
	Pie-chart				
	Scatter and Affinity diagrams				
Standard Operating	may include but not limited to:				
Procedures (SOPs)	The customer demand				
, ,	The most efficient work routine (steps)				
	The cycle times required to complete work elements				
	All process quality checks required to minimize				
	defects/errors				
	The exact amount of work in process required				
	1110 Order difficult of Work in processo required				

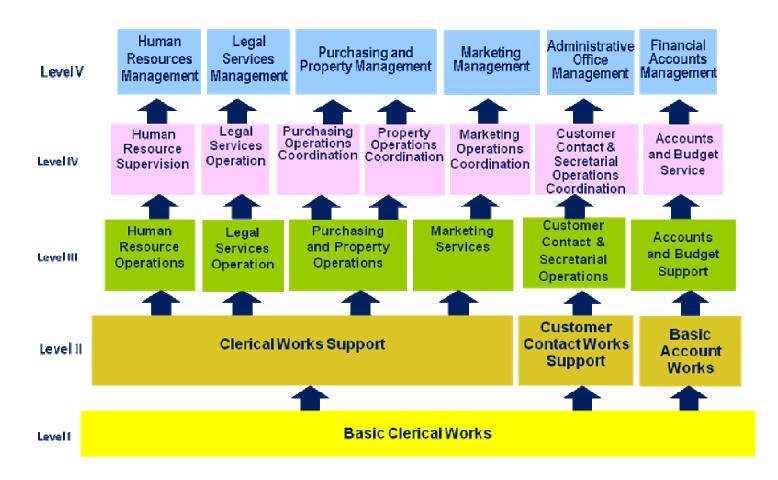
Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge competencies to:
Assessment	 Apply all relevant procedures and regulatory requirements
	to ensure quality and productivity of an organization.

Page 143 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

	 Detect non-conforming products/services in the work area Apply effective problem solving approaches/strategies. Implement and monitor improved practices and procedures Apply statistical quality control tools and techniques.
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitude	 Demonstrates knowledge of: QC story/PDCA cycle/ QC story/ Problem solving steps QCC techniques 7 QC tools Basic IE tools and techniques. SOP Quality requirements associated with the individual's job function and/or work area Workplace procedures associated with the candidate's regular technical duties Relevant health, safety and environment requirements organizational structure of the enterprise Lines of communication Methods of making/recommending improvements. Reporting procedures
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills to: Apply problem solving techniques and tools Apply statistical analysis tools Apply Visual Management Board/Kaizen Board. Detect non-conforming products or services in the work area Document and report information about quality, productivity and other kaizen elements. Contribute effectively within a team to recognize and recommend improvements in quality, productivity and other kaizen elements. Implement and monitor improved practices and procedures. Organize and prioritize activities and items. Read and interpret documents describing procedures Record activities and results against templates and other prescribed formats.
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 144 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Sector: Economic Infrastructure Sub-Sector: Business and Finance



Page 145 of 144	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012

Acknowledgement

We wish to extend thanks and appreciation to the many representatives of business, industry, academe and government agencies who donated their time and expertise to the development of this occupational standard.

We would like also to express our appreciation to the Staff and Experts of Federal TVET Agency, Ministry of Education (MoE) who made the development of this occupational standard possible.

This occupational standard was developed in August 2012 at Bishoftu, Debre Zeit Management Institute.

COMMENT TEMPLATE

The Federal TVET Agency values your feedback of the document.
If you would like someone to personally contact you, please provide the following
information:
Name:
Region:
Phone number:
Email:
Contact preference: Phone E-mail
Please, leave a comment.

Thank you for your time and consideration to complete this. For additional comments, please contact us on:

- Phone# +251911207386/+251911641248/+251923787992 and
- E-mail: bizunehdebebe@yahoo.com/ Abebaw_maemer@yahoo.com/won_get@yahoo.com.

Page 146 of 147	Ministry of Education	Legal Services Operation	Version 2
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	August 2012